

### Count on it.

# Operator's Manual

### **Groundsmaster® 3300 and 3310 All-Wheel Drive Traction Unit**

Model No. 31902A—Serial No. 400000000 and Up Model No. 31903A—Serial No. 400000000 and Up



This product complies with all relevant European directives; for details, please see the separate product specific Declaration of Conformity (DOC) sheet.

It is a violation of California Public Resource Code Section 4442 or 4443 to use or operate the engine on any forest-covered, brush-covered, or grass-covered land unless the engine is equipped with a spark arrester, as defined in Section 4442, maintained in effective working order or the engine is constructed, equipped, and maintained for the prevention of fire.

The enclosed engine owner's manual is supplied for information regarding the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the California Emission Control Regulation of emission systems, maintenance, and warranty. Replacements may be ordered through the engine manufacturer.

### **A** WARNING

### CALIFORNIA Proposition 65 Warning

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

Use of this product may cause exposure to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Visit www.Toro.com for product safety and operation training materials, accessory information, help finding a dealer, or to register your product.

Whenever you need service, genuine Toro parts, or additional information, contact an Authorized Service Dealer or Toro Customer Service and have the model and serial numbers of your product ready. Figure 1 identifies the location of the model and serial numbers on the product. Write the numbers in the space provided.

Important: With your mobile device, you can scan the QR code on the serial number decal (if equipped) to access warranty, parts, and other product information.

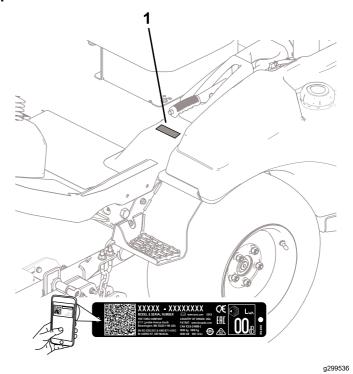


Figure 1

Model No. \_\_\_\_\_

This manual identifies potential hazards and has safety messages identified by the safety-alert symbol (Figure 2), which signals a hazard that may cause serious injury or death if you do not follow the recommended precautions.

### Introduction

This machine is a ride-on, multi-purpose machine intended to be used by professional, hired operators in commercial applications. It is primarily designed for maintaining grass on well-maintained lawns in parks, sports fields, and on commercial grounds. Using this product for purposes other than its intended use could prove dangerous to you and bystanders.

Read this information carefully to learn how to operate and maintain your product properly and to avoid injury and product damage. You are responsible for operating the product properly and safely.



Figure 2
Safety-alert symbol

g000502

This manual uses 2 words to highlight information. **Important** calls attention to special mechanical information and **Note** emphasizes general information worthy of special attention.

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### **Safety**

### **General Safety**

This product is capable of amputating hands and feet and of throwing objects. Always follow all safety instructions to avoid serious personal injury.

- Read and understand the contents of this Operator's Manual before starting the engine.
- Use your full attention while operating the machine. Do not engage in any activity that causes distractions; otherwise, injury or property damage may occur.
- Do not operate the machine without all guards and other safety protective devices in place and functioning properly on the machine.
- Keep your hands and feet away from rotating parts. Keep clear of the discharge opening.
- Keep bystanders and children out of the operating area. Never allow children to operate the machine.
- Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all movement to stop before you leave the operator's position. Allow the machine to cool before adjusting, servicing, cleaning, or storing it.

Improperly using or maintaining this machine can result in injury. To reduce the potential for injury, comply with these safety instructions and always pay attention to the safety-alert symbol A, which means Caution, Warning, or Danger—personal safety instruction. Failure to comply with these instructions may result in personal injury or death.

### **Safety and Instructional Decals**



Safety decals and instructions are easily visible to the operator and are located near any area of potential danger. Replace any decal that is damaged or missing.

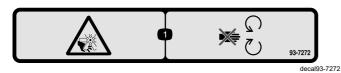


**Battery Symbols** 

Some or all of these symbols are on your battery.

- 1. Explosion hazard
- No fire, open flames, or smoking
- Caustic liquid/chemical burn hazard
- Wear eye protection.
- Read the Operator's Manual.

- 6. Keep bystanders away.
- Wear eye protection—explosive gases can cause blindness and other injuries.
- Battery acid can cause severe burns.
- Flush eyes immediately with water and get medical help fast.
- Contains lead; do not discard.



93-7272

Cutting/dismemberment hazard; fan—stay away from moving parts.



decal106-9206

- 106-9206 Wheel torque specifications
- Read the Operator's Manual.



decal108-2073

108-2073

- Warning—there is no rollover protection when the roll bar is
- To avoid injury or death from a rollover accident, keep the roll bar in the raised and locked position and wear the seat belt. Lower the roll bar only when absolutely necessary; do not wear the seat belt when the roll bar is down.
- Read the Operator's Manual; drive slowly and carefully.

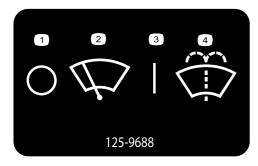


decal115-8155

115-8155

Warning—read the Operator's Manual, do not prime or use starting fluid.

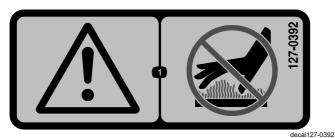
### **Model with Cab Only**



decal125-9688

#### 125-9688

- 1. Off
- 2. Windshield wipers
- 3. On
- Spray windshield washer fluid.



127-0392

1. Warning—stay away from hot surfaces.



decal130-0594

130-0594 Model with Cab Only

1. Warning—read the *Operator's Manual*; when sitting in the cab, always wear a seat belt; wear hearing protection.



decal132-1316

132-1316

1. Entanglement hazard, belt—keep away from moving parts.

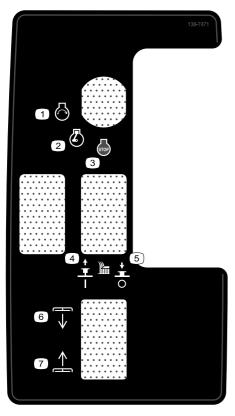
WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov. For more information, please visit www.ttcoCAProp65.com

CALIFORNIA SPARK ARRESTER WARNING

Operation of this equipment may create sparks that can start fires around dry egetation. A spark arrester may be required. The operator should contact local fire agencies for laws or regulations relating to fire prevention requirements.

decal133-8062

133-8062



decal138-7471

#### 138-7471

- 1. Engine—start
- 2. Engine—run
- 3. Engine—stop
- Lift up to engage the cutting blade.
- 5. Push down to disengage the cutting blade.
- 6. Deck-lower
- 7. Deck-raise

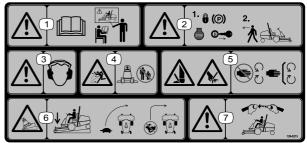


decal138-7472

138-7472

1. Fast

2. Slow

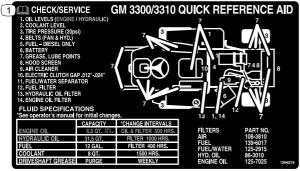


decal139-6215

### 139-6215

- Warning—read the Operator's Manual; all operators should be trained before operating the machine.
- Warning—engage the parking brake, shut off the engine, and remove the key before leaving the machine.
- 3. Warning—wear hearing protection.
- Thrown object hazard—keep bystanders away.

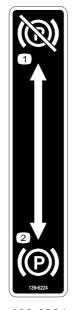
- Cutting/dismemberment hazard of hand or foot—stay away from moving parts; keep all guards and shields in place.
- Tipping hazard—lower the cutting units when moving downhill; drive slowly when turning; do not turn sharply while traveling fast.
- 7. Warning—always wear a seatbelt when operating the machine.



decal139-6218

139-6218

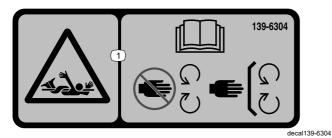
1. Read the Operator's Manual.



139-6224

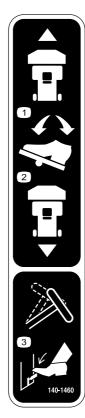
decal139-6224

1. Parking brake-disengaged 2. Parking brake—engaged



1. Entanglement hazard—read the Operator's Manual; stay away from moving parts; keep all guards and shields in place.

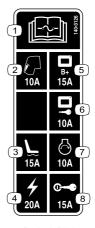
139-6304



decal140-1460

140-1460

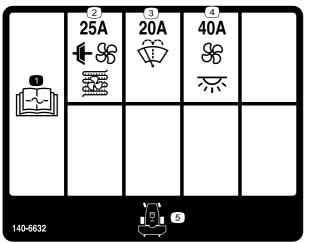
- 1. To move the machine forward, press forward on the pedal.
- 2. To move the machine backward, press backward on the pedal.
- 3. To adjust the steering wheel, press the tilt lever.



decal140-3126

140-3126

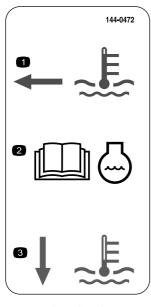
- 1. Read the Operator's Manual for fuse information.
- Cab—10 A
- Power seat—15 A
- 4. Power-20 A
- 5. Display screen power—15
- 6. Display screen key start—10 A
- Engine start—10 A
- Ignition—15 A



### 140-6632

decal140-6632

- 1. Read the Operator's Manual for fuse information.
- 2. A/C clutch and condenser 5. Front of machine fan (25 A)
- 3. Windshield washer (20 A)
- 4. Fan and interior light (40

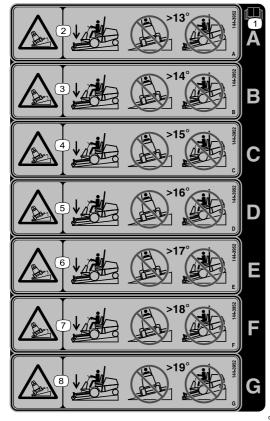


144-0472

decal144-0472

- 1. The coolant level is hot.
- 2. Read the Operator's Manual for coolant information.
- 3. The coolant level is cold.

Decal 144-3952: Affix over Decal 139-6215 (as shown in the CE Kit Installation Instructions) for use in CE-compliant countries (Models 31900 and 31901 only).



decal144-3952

144-3952

**Note:** This machine complies with the industry standard stability test in the static lateral and longitudinal tests with the maximum recommended slope indicated on the decal. Review the instructions for operating the machine on slopes in the *Operator's Manual* as well as the conditions in which you would operate the machine to determine whether you can operate the machine in the conditions on that day and at that site. Changes in the terrain can result in a change in slope operation for the machine.

- Read the Operator's Manual.
- Tipping hazard—do not mow across slopes greater than 13 degrees; do not mow up and down slopes greater than 13 degrees.
- Tipping hazard—do not mow across slopes greater than 14 degrees; do not mow up and down slopes greater than 14 degrees.
- Tipping hazard—do not mow across slopes greater than 15 degrees; do not mow up and down slopes greater than 15 degrees.

- Tipping hazard—do not mow across slopes greater than 16 degrees; do not mow up and down slopes greater than 16 degrees.
- Tipping hazard—do not mow across slopes greater than 17 degrees; do not mow up and down slopes greater than 17 degrees.
- Tipping hazard—do not mow across slopes greater than 18 degrees; do not mow up and down slopes greater than 18 degrees.
- Tipping hazard—do not mow across slopes greater than 19 degrees; do not mow up and down slopes greater than 19 degrees.

### Setup

### **Loose Parts**

Use the chart below to verify that all parts have been shipped.

Procedure	Description	Qty.	Use
1	No parts required	-	Remove the machine from the shipping container (for Model 31902A).
2	Rear wheel Lug nut	2 8	Install the rear tires (for Model 31902A).
3	No parts required	_	Remove the front tires (for Model 31902A).
4	Right lift arm Left lift arm Large pin Bolt (3/8 x 2-3/4 inches) Nut (3/8 inch) Small pin Bolt (3/8 x 1-1/4 inches) Grease fitting	1 1 2 2 4 2 2 2	Install the lift-arm assembly (for Model 31902A).
5	No parts required		Install the front tires (for Model 31902A).
6	Tie-down bracket Bolt (3/8 x 3-1/4 inches) Nut (3/8 inch)	1 2 2	Install the tie-down bracket (for Model 31902A).
7	Seat Kit (ordered separately; refer to your authorized Toro distributor)	1	Install the seat (for Model 31902A).
8	Steering wheel Cover	1	Install the steering wheel (for Model 31902A).
9	Bumper Bolt (3/8 x 2-3/4 inches) Bolt (3/8 x 3-1/4 inches) Nut (3/8 inch)	1 2 4 6	Install the bumper (for Model 31902A).
10	No parts required	_	Connecting the battery (for Model 31902A).
11	Optional attachment (ordered separately; refer to your authorized Toro distributor) Socket-head screw (3/8 inch) Washer (3/8 inch) Flange locknut (3/8 inch)	1 2 2 2	Install the attachment.
12	No parts required	_	Check the fluid levels.
13	No parts required	_	Check the tire pressure.
14	CE Kit (ordered separately; refer to your authorized Toro distributor)	1	Installing the CE Kit (for use in CE-compliant countries).

Procedure	Description	Qty.	Use
15	Weight—19 kg (42 lb) [amount varies per your model] Weight—6 kg (15 lb) [amount varies per your model]		Add rear weight (if necessary).
16	No parts required	-	Adjust the weight-transfer pressure (if needed).



### Removing the Machine from the Shipping Container

### For Model 31902A

### No Parts Required

### **Procedure**

- Remove the screws that hold down the rear wheel hubs to the pallet.
- Cut the cable tie that holds the driveshaft to the rear tires.
- 3. Remove the rear wheels from the shipping skid.
- Raise the roll bar; refer to Raising the Roll Bar (page 32).
- 5. Connect a hoist to the top, center area of the roll bar and raise the machine.
- Remove the shipping skid from the bottom area 6. of the machine.
- Position 2 jack stands under the rear area of the machine shown in Raising the Rear of the Machine (page 47).
- 8. Lower the machine on the jack stands.

### **Installing the Rear Tires** For Model 31902A

### Parts needed for this procedure:

2	Rear wheel
8	Lug nut

### **Procedure**

Use 4 lug nuts to secure the wheel to the wheel hub (Figure 3).

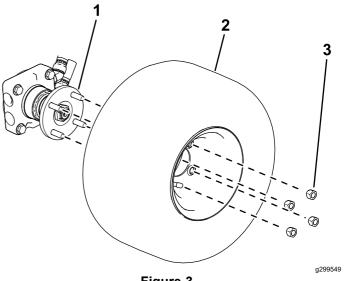


Figure 3

- 1. Wheel hub
- 2. Tire

- 3. Lug nut
- Torque the wheel lug nuts; refer to Torquing the Wheel-Lug Nuts (page 59).

### Removing the Front Tires For Model 31902A

No Parts Required

### **Procedure**

**Note:** You must perform this procedure to correctly install the lift arms.

- 1. Place jack stands under the front side-frame tubes to raise the front wheels; refer to Raising the Front of the Machine (page 47).
- 2. Loosen and remove the wheel lug nuts (Figure 10).

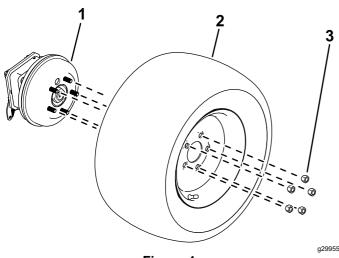


Figure 4

- 1. Wheel hub
- 3. Lug nut

- 2. Tire
- 3. Removed the wheels from the wheel hubs (Figure 10).



### Installing the Lift-Arm Assembly

### For Model 31902A

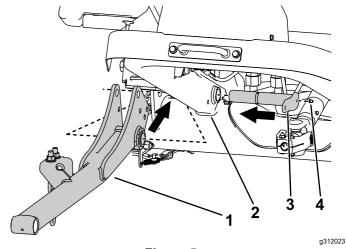
### Parts needed for this procedure:

1	Right lift arm
1	Left lift arm
2	Large pin
2	Bolt (3/8 x 2-3/4 inches)
4	Nut (3/8 inch)
2	Small pin
2	Bolt (3/8 x 1-1/4 inches)
2	Grease fitting

### **Procedure**

**Note:** Have an assistant help you to install the lift arms, as needed.

- 1. Remove the lift arms from the shipping skid.
- 2. Use 2 large pins to install the lift arms to the machine frame (Figure 5).

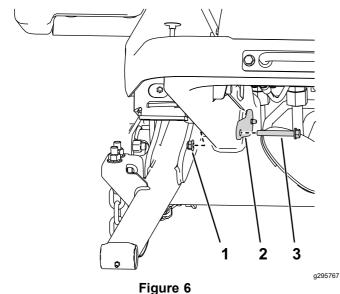


**Figure 5** Right side shown.

1. Lift arm

- 3. Large pin
- 2. Machine frame
- 4. Grease fitting
- 3. Install the grease fittings to the large pins (Figure 5).

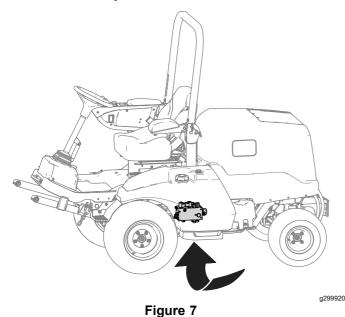
4. Use 2 nuts (3/8 inch) and 2 bolts (3/8 x 2-3/4 inches) to secure the large pins to the frame (Figure 6).



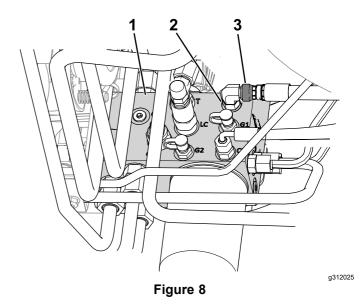
Right side shown.

- 1. Nut
  - Large pin
- 3. Bolt
- 5. Perform the following steps to secure the hydraulic cylinders to the lift arms:
  - A. Place a drain pan under the hydraulic manifold (shown in Figure 7).

**Note:** A small amount of hydraulic fluid will need to be bled in order to manually retract the lift cylinders.



 Loosen the hose swivel nut connected to port C1 of the hydraulic manifold (Figure 8).

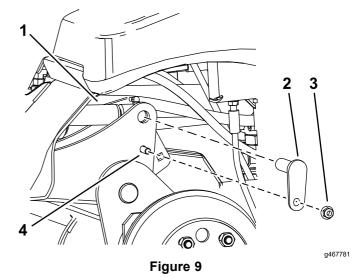


- 1. Manifold
- 2. Port C1

3. Hose swivel nut

C. Use a drift punch to align the cylinder rod holes with the lift-arm holes (Figure 9).

**Note:** Fully raise the lift arm to help with the alignment.



- 1. Cylinder rod
- 2. Small pin
- 3. Nut (3/8 inch)
- 4. Bolt (3/8 x 1-1/4 inches)
- D. Use 2 bolts (3/8 x 1-1/4 inches), 2 nuts (3/8 inch), and 2 small pins to secure the lift arms to the cylinders (Figure 9).
- E. Torque the hose swivel nut on port C1 (Figure 8) to 41 N·m (30 ft-lb).

**Note:** Use a backup wrench to prevent the hose from twisting.

6. Grease the attachment pin joints and lift-arm pin joints; refer to Greasing the Bearings and Bushings (page 49).

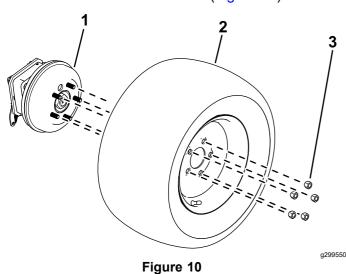


### Installing the Front Tires For Model 31902A

No Parts Required

### **Procedure**

1. Use the previously-removed lug nuts to secure the tires to the wheel hubs (Figure 10).



- 1. Wheel hub
- 2. Tire

- 3. Lug nut
- 2. Torque the wheel lug nuts; refer to Torquing the Wheel-Lug Nuts (page 59).

### 6

### Installing the Tie-Down Bracket

### For Model 31902A

### Parts needed for this procedure:

1	Tie-down bracket
2	Bolt (3/8 x 3-1/4 inches)
2	Nut (3/8 inch)

### **Procedure**

Use 2 bolts (3/8 x 3-1/4 inches) and 2 nuts (3/8 inch) to secure the tie-down bracket to the platform (Figure 11).

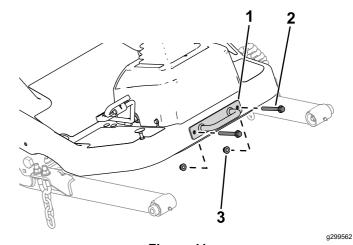


Figure 11

- 1. Tie-down bracket
- 3. Nut (3/8 inch)
- 2. Bolt (3/8 x 3-1/4 inches)



### **Installing the Seat**

### For Model 31902A

### Parts needed for this procedure:

Seat Kit (ordered separately; refer to your authorized Toro distributor)

### **Procedure**

Install the seat; refer to the Seat Kit *Installation Instructions*.



### Installing the Steering Wheel

### For Model 31902A

### Parts needed for this procedure:

1	Steering wheel
1	Cover

### **Procedure**

 Remove the steering wheel from the shipping skid (Figure 12).

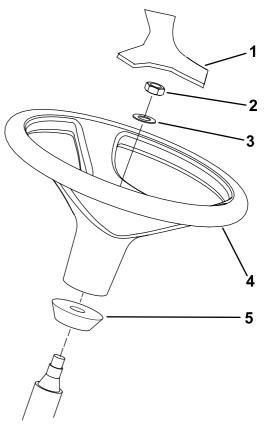


Figure 12

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2. Nylock nut

3. Washer

1. Cover

4. Steering wheel

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5. Foam collar

2. Remove the nylock nut and washer from the steering shaft.

**Note:** Ensure that the foam collar remains on the steering shaft (Figure 12).

- 3. Slide the steering wheel and washer onto the steering shaft (Figure 12).
- 4. While holding the steering wheel, use the nylock nut to secure the steering wheel to the shaft. Tighten the nylock nut to 27 to 35 N·m (20 to 26 ft-lb).
- Mount the cover to the steering wheel (Figure 12).



### **Installing the Bumper**

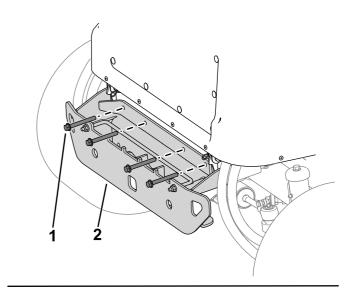
### For Model 31902A

### Parts needed for this procedure:

1	Bumper
2	Bolt (3/8 x 2-3/4 inches)
4	Bolt (3/8 x 3-1/4 inches)
6	Nut (3/8 inch)

### **Procedure**

- 1. Remove the bumper from the shipping skid.
- Loosely secure the upper area of the bumper to the machine frame using 4 bolts (3/8 x 3-1/4 inches) and 4 nuts (3/8 inch) as shown in Figure 13.



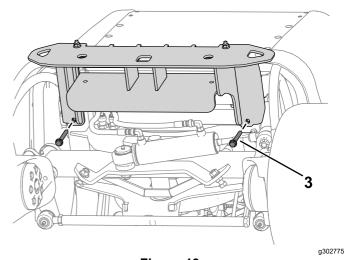


Figure 13

- 1. Bolt (3/8 x 3-1/4 inches)
- 3. Bolt (3/8 x 2-3/4 inches)
- 2. Bumper
- 3. Loosely secure the bumper under the machine frame using 2 bolts (3/8 x 2-3/4 inches) and 2 nuts (3/8 inch) as shown in Figure 13.
- 4. Torque the hardware to 37 to 45 N·m (27 to 33 ft-lb).



### **Connecting the Battery**

### For Model 31902A

No Parts Required

### **Procedure**

Connect the battery; refer to Connecting the Battery (page 57).



### **Installing the Attachment**

#### Parts needed for this procedure:

1	Optional attachment (ordered separately; refer to your authorized Toro distributor)
2	Socket-head screw (3/8 inch)
2	Washer (3/8 inch)
2	Flange locknut (3/8 inch)

### **Procedure**

Important: When switching attachments, confirm with your authorized Toro distributor the correct number of rear weights for that specific attachment.

Install the front attachment (e.g., cutting unit, flail, plow blade, or blower); perform the following steps and refer to your attachment *Operator's Manual* for additional installation instructions.

 While supporting the driveshaft, remove the capscrew and locknut that secure the driveshaft yoke to the steering valve-mount bracket (Figure 14), and carefully lower the driveshaft.

**Note:** Discard the capscrew and locknut.

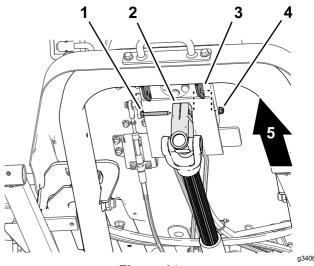
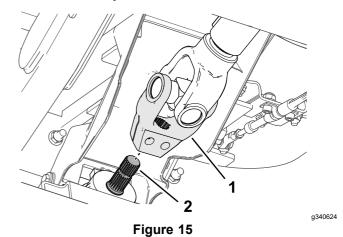


Figure 14

- 1. Capscrew
- 2. Driveshaft yoke
- 3. Steering valve-mount bracket
- 4. Locknut
- 5. Front of the machine
- 2. Ensure that the PTO shaft is aligned; refer to Aligning the PTO Driveshaft (page 60).
- Have an assistant sit in the seat, turn the key to the ON position, and use the attachment lift switch to lower the lift arms while you push down on the lift arms.
- 4. Align the holes in the lift arm with the holes in the attachment arm as described in the attachment *Installation Instructions*.
- 5. Align the splines in the driveshaft yoke onto the splines of the attachment input shaft (Figure 15), and slide the yoke over the shaft.



- 1. Driveshaft yoke
- 2. Input shaft
- 6. Assemble a socket-head capscrew (3/8 x 2-1/4 inches) through a washer (3/8 inch) and the hole in the driveshaft yoke (Figure 16), and secure the capscrew with a flange-locknut (3/8 inch).

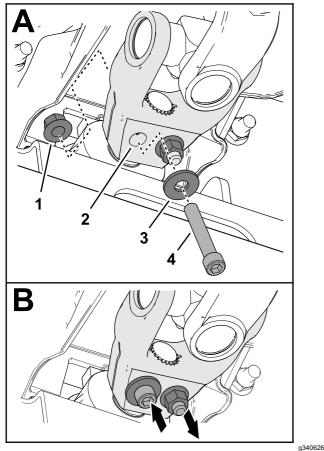


Figure 16

- 1. Flange-locknut (3/8 inch)
- 2. Driveshaft yoke
- 3. Washer (3/8 inch)
- Socket-head capscrew (3/8 x 2-1/4 inches)
- 7. Assemble a socket-head capscrew (3/8 x 2-1/4 inches) through a washer (3/8 inch) and the hole in the driveshaft yoke from the opposite direction (Figure 16), and secure the capscrew with a flange-locknut (3/8 inch).
- Incrementally torque the locknuts to 61 N·m (45 ft-lb) in an alternating pattern.

### **Checking the Fluid Levels**

No Parts Required

### **Procedure**

Before you start the engine for the first time, perform the following fluid-level checks:

Check the engine-oil level; refer to Checking the Engine-Oil Level (page 51).

- Check the coolant level; refer to Checking the Cooling System and Coolant Level (page 61).
- Check the hydraulic-fluid level; refer to Checking the Hydraulic-Fluid Level (page 67).

### **Checking the Tire Pressure**

No Parts Required

### **Procedure**

Check the tire pressure; refer to Checking the Tire Air Pressure (page 29).

Important: Maintain pressure in all tires to ensure a good quality-of-cut and proper machine performance. Do not underinflate the tires.



### Installing the CE Kit

### Parts needed for this procedure:

CE Kit (ordered separately; refer to your authorized Toro distributor)

### **Procedure**

If you operate the machine in a country that complies to CE standards, install the CE Kit; refer to the kit Installation Instructions.

### 15

### **Adding Rear Weight**

#### Parts needed for this procedure:

Weight—19 kg (42 lb) [amount varies per your model]
Weight—6 kg (15 lb) [amount varies per your model]

Refer to the following table for the weight that is shipped with each machine:

Model	Shipped Rear Weight
31902A	0 weights
31903A	5 weights (19 kg or 42 lb each) and 2 weights (6 kg or 15 lb each)

### **Determining the Required Rear Weight**

Ensure that your machine has the minimum amount of rear weight per your traction unit and attachment combination. For Model 31902A, you can also add more rear weight for improved slope performance.

- To determine the minimum number of weights required, refer to the Minimum Required Rear Weight (page 21) table.
- To achieve an improved slope performance, add the number of each weights as listed in the Required Rear Weight for Improved Slope Performance (page 21) table.

To ensure proper ROPS performance, do not add more weight beyond the weight that is listed in this table.

**Note:** If you have an equipped CE Kit, refer to the kit *Installation Instructions* for the appropriate slope decal for your traction unit and attachment combination. Ensure that the correct amount of rear weight is added (i.e., weight to meet required slope standard or weight to meet improved slope performance).

### **Minimum Required Rear Weight**

	Number of Weights Required		ed	
		19 kg (42 lb)	6 kg (15 lb)	
Traction Unit Model Number	Attachment Model Number(s) or Name			Total
	31970, 31971, 31974	0	0	0
	31970, 31971, 31974 and Sunshade	0	0	0
	31972, 31973, 31975	0	0	0
31902A	31972, 31973, 31975 and Sunshade	1	0	1
	02835	1	0	1
	02835 and Sunshade	1	0	1
	M-B Rotary Broom	1	0	1
	31970, 31971			
	31972, 31973	5		
31903A	02835		2	7
3 1303A	MSC23345		2	/
	M-B Rotary Broom			
	Erskine Snowthrower			

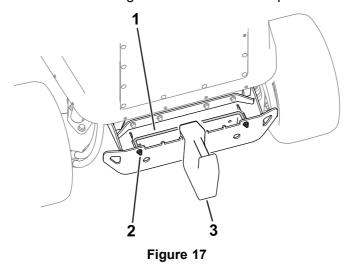
### **Required Rear Weight for Improved Slope Performance**

		Number of Weights Required		
		19 kg (42 lb)	6 kg (15 lb)	
Traction Unit Model Number	Attachment Model Number(s) or Name			Total
	31970, 31971, 31974	4	0	4
	31970 and Sunshade	4	0	4
	31971, 31974 and Sunshade	3	0	3
31902A	31972, 31973, 31975	3	1	4
	31972, 31973, 31975 and Sunshade	2	0	2
	02835	2	2	4
	02835 and Sunshade	1	0	1

If you need to add rear weight, contact your authorized Toro distributor for additional weights and refer to the following installation procedures:

### Adding 19 kg (42 lb) Weights

1. Loosen the hardware that secures the weight-lock rod to the bumper.



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- 1. Weight-lock rod
- 2. Nut

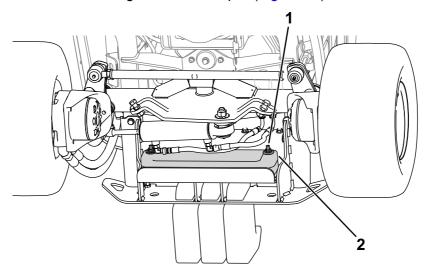
- 3. Weight—19 kg (42 lb)
- 2. Add the required amount of weights.
- 3. Tighten the weight-lock-rod hardware to secure the weight to the bumper.

### Adding 6 kg (15 lb) Weights

1. Refer to your authorized Toro distributor to order the following parts:

Part Name	Quantity	Part Number
Screw (3/8 x 3-1/2 inches)	2	116-4701
Washer	2	125-9676
Nut (3/8 inch)	2	104-8301

2. Use the hardware to secure the weights to the bumper (Figure 18).



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1. Hardware

2. Weight—6 kg (15 lb)

Figure 18

### 16

### Adjusting the Weight Transfer of the Attachment

No Parts Required

### **Procedure**

Perform this procedure only if you are installing an attachment other than the standard rotary cutting units (e.g., snowthrower, blade, or flail).

You can change the hydraulic pressure used to transfer the weight of the attachment to the traction unit by adjusting the weight-transfer valve of the hydraulic manifold. For best performance, adjust the weight-transfer valve so that any bouncing motion of the attachment is minimal over uneven terrain, but also adjust the valve so that the attachment does not ride heavily over flat terrain or lower too quickly.

 To improve the contour-tracking performance of the attachment as you operate the machine over uneven terrain, decrease the weight-transfer (hydraulic) pressure at the hydraulic manifold.

**Note:** If the attachment casters or the leading edge of the snowthrower float above the ground, the hydraulic pressure of the weight transfer valve is too high.

 When you are cutting flat turf, when the cutting unit is scalping the grass, if the quality of cut is uneven from side to side, or the leading edge of a snowthrower is scraping too heavily, increase the weight-transfer pressure at the hydraulic manifold.

**Note:** Increasing weight-transfer pressure also transfers the weight from the attachment to the wheels of the traction unit, thereby improving the traction of the traction unit.

Adjust the weight-transfer pressure as follows:

1. Operate the machine for 10 minutes.

**Note:** This will warm the hydraulic fluid.

- Park the machine on a level surface, lower the attachment, engage the parking brake, shut off the engine, and remove the key from the switch.
- Locate the lift manifold from under the machine (Figure 19).

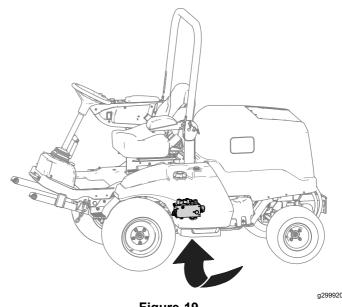
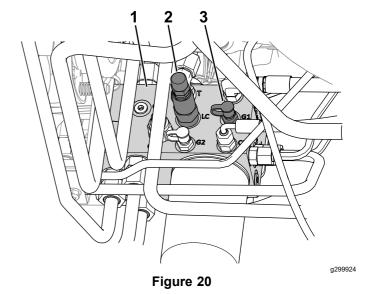


Figure 19

 Connect a pressure gauge to the test port (labeled G1; refer to Figure 20).



- Hydraulic manifold
- 3. Test port (G1)
- Weight-transfer spool (LC)
- 5. At the side of the lift manifold, remove the cap from the test port (labeled G1; refer to Figure 20).
- 6. Loosen the jam nut at the end of the weight-transfer spool (labeled LC; refer to Figure 20).
- 7. Start the engine, set the throttle to HIGH IDLE.
- 8. Use a hex-socket wrench to adjust the counterbalance valve of the weight-transfer spool until the gauge indicates the desired pressure; refer to the following table for

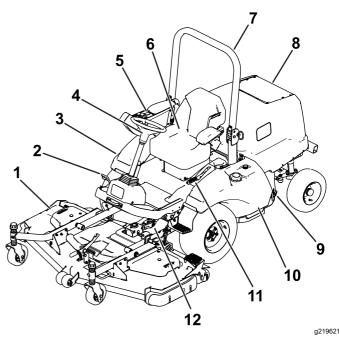
the recommended pressure setting for the attachment.

- Rotate the adjusting screw clockwise to increase the pressure.
- Rotate the adjusting screw counterclockwise to decrease the pressure.

Attachment	Weight-Transfer Pressure
Rotary cutting unit	1,724 kPa (250 psi)
Flail Mower (Model Number 02835)	1,379 kPa (200 psi)
Snowthrower	1,724 kPa (250 psi)
Snow Blade (Model Number MSC23345 and STB13567B)	1,379 kPa (200 psi)
Rotary Broom (1.5 m or 5 ft)	1,724 kPa (250 psi)

- 9. Shut off the engine and remove the key.
- 10. Tighten the jam nut at the end of the weight-transfer spool, and torque the nut to 13 to 16 N·m (10 to 12 ft-lb).
- 11. Install the cap on the test port.
- 12. Remove the pressure gauge from the test port.

### **Product Overview**



- Figure 21
- 1. Cutting unit
- 2. Traction pedal
- 3. Hydraulic-fluid tank
- 4. Steering wheel
- 5. Console
- 6. Operator's seat
- 7. Roll bar
- 8. Hood/engine compartment
- 9. Battery
- 10. Fuel tank
- 11. Parking brake
- 12. PTO shaft

### **Controls**

### **Traction Pedal**

**Note:** Adjust the seat position before you operate the machine. Refer to the seat kit *Installation Instructions* for seat-adjustment instructions.

Use the traction pedal (Figure 22) to move the machine forward or rearward.

- Move the machine forward: Use your toes to press the top of the pedal.
- Move the machine rearward: Use your toes to press the bottom of the pedal.

**Note:** You can achieve steady operation by keeping your heel on the platform and pressing the pedal with your toes.

Ground speed is proportionate to how far the pedal is pressed. For maximum ground speed, you must fully press traction pedal while throttle is in the FAST position. Maximum speed forward is as follows:

- Model 31902A: 23 km/h (14 mph)
- Model 31903A: 19 km/h (12 mph)

To get maximum power under heavy load or when ascending a hill, have the throttle in the FAST position while pressing traction pedal slightly to keep the engine speed (rpm) high. If the engine speed begins to decrease rapidly, release the traction pedal slightly to allow the engine speed to increase.

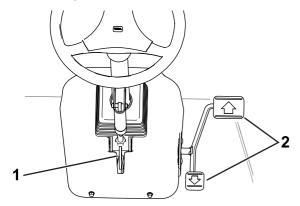


Figure 22

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1. Tilt-steering lever

2. Traction pedal

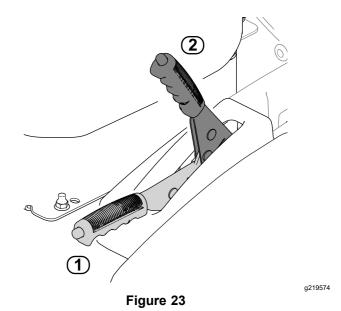
### **Tilt-Steering Lever**

To tilt the steering wheel toward you, press the tilt-steering lever (Figure 22) down and pull the steering tower toward you. Release the lever when the steering tower is at a position that allows you to comfortably handle the steering wheel.

### **Parking Brake**

Whenever you shut off the engine, engage the parking brake (Figure 16) to prevent the machine from accidentally moving.

• **Engage the parking brake:** Pull the handle up to the ENGAGED position.



DISENGAGED position

2. ENGAGED position

 Disengage the parking brake: Use your thumb to push down the button on the top of handle and lower the handle down to the DISENGAGED position.

**Note:** If the handle is not completely lowered, the machine shuts off when you engage the traction pedal.

### Console

Refer to the following sections for a description of the console controls (Figure 24).

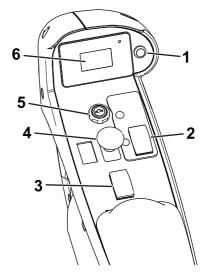


Figure 24

- 1. Display screen button
- 2. Throttle-control switch
- 3. Attachment lift switch
- 4. PTO switch
- 5. Key switch
- 6. Display screen

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#### **Attachment Lift Switch**

The attachment lift switch raises the attachment to the highest position (i.e., the TRANSPORT position) and lowers the attachment to the lowest position (i.e., the OPERATING) position.

- Raise the attachment: Press the rear of the switch
- Lower the attachment: Press the front of the switch.

Raise the attachment to the TRANSPORT position whenever you transport the machine between locations. Lower the attachment to the OPERATING position whenever you are not using the machine.

#### **PTO Switch**

- Engage the PTO: Pull up on the switch.
- Disengage the PTO: Push the switch down.

The only time you should engage the PTO is when the PTO attachment is in the OPERATING position (lowered to the ground with the driveshaft connected) and you are ready to begin operation.

**Note:** If you leave the operator's seat while the PTO switch is in the ON position, the machine will automatically shut off the engine; refer to Resetting the PTO Function (page 39).

#### **Key Switch**

The key switch has 3 positions: OFF, ON/PREHEAT, and START.

Use the switch to start or shut off the engine [refer to Starting the Engine (page 39) or Shutting Off the Engine (page 40)] or to review the display-screen information [refer to Understanding the Display-Screen Information (page 32)].

#### **Throttle-Control Switch**

Use the switch to adjust the engine speed.

- Increase the engine speed: Press and release the front part of the switch to increase the speed by 100 rpm. Press and hold to increase the speed to the maximum amount.
- Decrease the engine speed: Press the rear part of the switch to decrease the speed by 100 rpm. Press and hold to decrease the speed to the minimum amount (idle).

#### **Display Screen**

The display screen shows information about your machine, such as the operating status, various diagnostics, and other information.

Refer to Understanding the Display-Screen Information (page 32) for more display-screen information.

#### **Display Screen Button**

Refer to Using the Display-Screen Button (page 32).

### **Cab Controls**

### Machines Equipped with a Cab

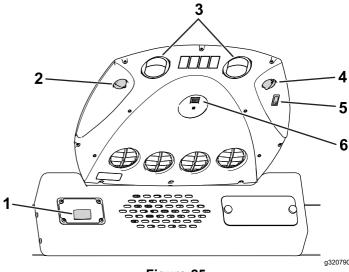


Figure 25

- 1. Windshield-wiper switch
- 2. Fan-control knob
- 3. Recirculation vents
- 4. Light switch
- 5. Temperature-control knob
- 6. Air-conditioning switch

#### Windshield-Wiper Switch

Use the switch (Figure 25) to turn the windshield wipers on or off.

#### **Fan-Control Knob**

Rotate the fan-control knob (Figure 25) to regulate the speed of the fan.

### **Light Switch**

Press the switch (Figure 25) to turn the dome light on or off.

#### **Temperature-Control Knob**

Rotate the temperature-control knob (Figure 25) to regulate the air temperature in the cab.

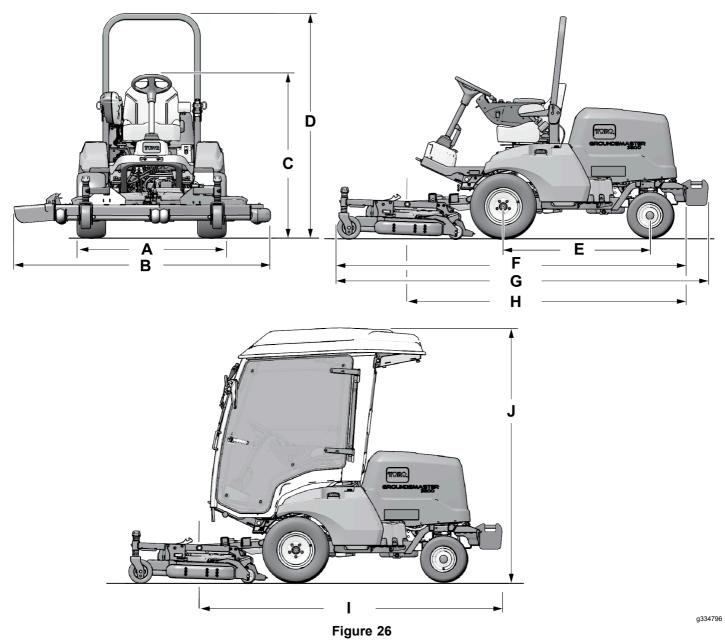
### **Air-Conditioning Switch**

Use this switch (Figure 25) to turn the air conditioning on or off. Use the fan-control knob to control the air-conditioning.

Open the recirculation vents (Figure 25) when the air conditioning is on.

### **Specifications**

**Note:** Specifications and design are subject to change without notice.



Description		Figure 26 reference	Dimension or Weight
Height with roll bar raised		D	200 cm (79 inches)
Height with roll bar lowered		С	111 cm (44 inches)
Height with cab		J	226 cm (89 inches)
Overall length (no rear weights equipped)	With equipped attachment	F	Maximum of 312 cm (123 inches)
[Model 31902A]	Traction unit only	Н	Maximum of 253 cm (99.5 inches)
Overall length (rear weights equipped) [Model 31903A]	With equipped attachment	G	Maximum of 332 cm (131 inches)
	Traction unit only	I	Maximum of 272 cm (107 inches)
Overall width		В	Refer to Specifications (page 27).
Wheel-base length		E	132 cm (52 inches)
Front-wheel tread width		А	136 cm (53.5 inches)
Rear-wheel tread width			128 cm (50 inches)
Ground clearance			21 cm (8-5/16 inches)
Net weight (Model 31902A)			860 kg (1,896 lb)
Net weight (Model 31903A)			1,132 kg (2,496 lb)

### **Width Specifications**

Refer to the following table for width measurements per your equipped cutting unit:

Cutting Unit	Width
Model 31970	198 cm (78 inches)
Model 31971	168 cm (66 inches)
Model 31972	228 cm (90 inches)
Model 31973	198 cm (78 inches)
Model 31974	158 cm (62 inches)
Model 31975	188 cm (74 inches)
Model 02835 (Flail)	218 cm (86 inches)

### **Attachments/Accessories**

A selection of Toro approved attachments and accessories is available for use with the machine to enhance and expand its capabilities. Contact your Authorized Service Dealer or authorized Toro distributor or go to <a href="https://www.toro.com">www.toro.com</a> for a list of all approved attachments and accessories.

To ensure optimum performance, use only genuine Toro replacement parts and accessories. Replacement parts and accessories made by other manufacturers could be dangerous, and such use could void the product warranty

# Operation Before Operation Before Operation Safety

### **General Safety**

- Never allow children or untrained people to operate or service the machine. Local regulations may restrict the age of the operator. The owner is responsible for training all operators and mechanics.
- Become familiar with the safe operation of the equipment, operator controls, and safety signs.
- Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all movement to stop before you leave the operator's position. Allow the machine to cool before adjusting, servicing, cleaning, or storing it.
- Know how to stop the machine and shut off the engine quickly.
- Check that operator-presence controls, safety switches, and guards are attached and functioning properly. Do not operate the machine unless they are functioning properly.
- Before mowing, always inspect the machine to ensure that the blades, blade bolts, and cutting assemblies are in good working condition.

Replace worn or damaged blades and bolts in sets to preserve balance.

 Inspect the area where you will use the machine and remove all objects that the machine could throw.

**Fuel Safety** 

- Use extreme care in handling fuel. It is flammable and its vapors are explosive.
- Extinguish all cigarettes, cigars, pipes, and other sources of ignition.
- · Use only an approved fuel container.
- Do not remove the fuel cap or fill the fuel tank while the engine is running or hot.
- Do not add or drain fuel in an enclosed space.
- Do not store the machine or fuel container where there is an open flame, spark, or pilot light, such as on a water heater or other appliance.
- If you spill fuel, do not attempt to start the engine; avoid creating any source of ignition until the fuel vapors have dissipated.

Check the air pressure in the front and rear tires. Add or remove air as needed to set the air pressure in the tires to the tire air pressure specification.

**Important:** Maintain pressure in all tires to ensure a good quality of cut and proper machine performance.

Check the air pressure in all the tires before operating the machine.

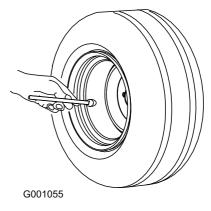


Figure 27

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### **Checking the Machine Daily**

Check the following machine systems each day before operating the machine:

- Air-cleaner indicator; refer to Servicing the Air Cleaner (page 53)
- Engine oil; refer to Checking the Engine-Oil Level (page 51)
- Coolant system; refer to Checking the Cooling System and Coolant Level (page 61)
- Hood screen and radiator; refer to Checking the Cooling Fins (page 62)
- Hydraulic-fluid level; refer to Checking the Hydraulic-Fluid Level (page 67)
- PTO-shaft grease points; refer to Greasing the Bearings and Bushings (page 49)

### Checking the Tire Air Pressure

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Tire air pressure specification: 138 kPa (20 psi)

### **A** DANGER

Low tire pressure decreases machine side-hill stability. This could cause a rollover, which may result in personal injury or death.

Do not underinflate the tires.

### **Adding Fuel**

### **Fuel Specification**

Important: Use only ultra-low sulphur diesel fuel. Failure to observe the following cautions may damage the engine.

- Never use kerosene or gasoline instead of diesel fuel.
- Never mix kerosene or used engine oil with the diesel fuel.
- Never keep fuel in containers with zinc plating on the inside.
- Do not use fuel additives.
- Use only clean, fresh diesel fuel or biodiesel fuels.
- Purchase fuel in quantities that you can use within 180 days to ensure fuel freshness.

### **Petroleum Diesel**

Cetane rating: 40 or higher

**Sulfur content:** Ultra-low sulfur (<15 ppm)

Use summer-grade diesel fuel (No. 2-D) at temperatures above -7°C (20°F) and winter-grade fuel (No. 1-D or No. 1-D/2-D blend) below that temperature.

**Note:** Use of winter-grade fuel at lower temperatures provides lower flash point and cold flow characteristics which eases starting and reduces fuel filter plugging.

Using summer-grade fuel above -7°C (20°F) contributes toward longer fuel pump life and increased power compared to winter-grade fuel.

#### **Biodiesel**

This machine can also use a biodiesel blended fuel of up to B20 (20% biodiesel, 80% petroleum diesel).

**Sulfur content:** Ultra-low sulfur (<15 ppm)

Biodiesel fuel specification: ASTM D6751 or

EN14214

Blended fuel specification: ASTM D975, EN590,

or JIS K2204

*Important:* The petroleum diesel portion must be ultra-low sulfur.

Observe the following precautions:

- Biodiesel blends may damage painted surfaces.
- Use B5 (biodiesel content of 5%) or lesser blends in cold weather.
- Monitor seals, hoses, gaskets in contact with fuel as they may degrade over time.
- Fuel filter plugging may occur for period after converting to biodiesel blends.
- Contact your authorized Toro distributor if you wish for more information on biodiesel.

### Filling the Fuel Tank

Fuel tank capacity: 45 L (12 US gallons)

**Note:** If possible, fill the fuel tank after each use; this minimizes condensation buildup inside the fuel tank.

- Park the machine on a level surface (Figure 28), engage the parking brake, shut off the engine, and remove the key
- 2. Unscrew the cap from the fuel tank.
- 3. Fill the fuel tank with the specified fuel until the fuel-gauge dial indicates that the tank is full.
- 4. Screw the cap onto the fuel tank.

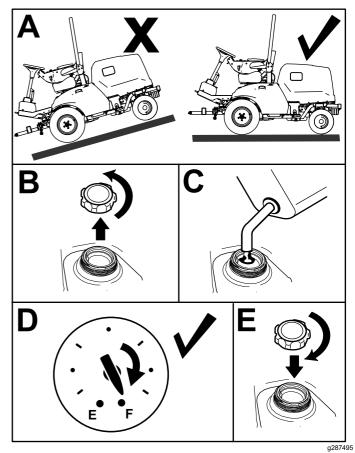


Figure 28

### **Checking the Safety-Interlock System**

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

The purpose of the safety-interlock system is to prevent the engine from cranking or starting unless the traction pedal is in neutral and the PTO switch is in the OFF position. In addition, the engine should stop when the following occurs:

- The PTO switch is set to the ON position and you are not in the seat.
- The traction pedal is pressed but you are not in the seat.
- The traction pedal is pressed and the parking brake is engaged.

### **A** CAUTION

If the safety-interlock switches are disconnected or damaged, the machine could operate unexpectedly, causing personal injury.

- Do not tamper with the interlock switches.
- Check the operation of the interlock switches daily and replace any damaged switches before operating the machine.
- 1. Move the PTO switch to OFF position and remove your foot from traction pedal.
- 2. Rotate the key switch to the START position. If the engine cranks, proceed to step 3.

**Note:** If engine does not crank, there may be a malfunction in the safety-interlock system.

3. With the engine running, rise from the seat and set the PTO switch to the ON position. The engine should shut off within 2 seconds. If the engine shuts off, proceed to step 4.

Important: If engine does not shut off, there is a malfunction in the safety-interlock system. Refer to your authorized Toro distributor.

4. With the engine running and the PTO switch set to the OFF position, raise off the seat and press the traction pedal. The engine should shut off within 2 seconds. If engine shuts off, proceed to step 5.

Important: If engine does not shut off, there is a malfunction in the safety-interlock system. Refer to your authorized Toro distributor.

5. Engage the parking brake. With the engine running and the PTO switch set to the ON position, press the traction pedal. The engine should shut off within 2 seconds. If engine shuts off, the switch is operating correctly; the interlock system is ready for machine operation.

Important: If engine does not shut off, there is a malfunction in the safety-interlock system. Refer to your authorized Toro distributor.

### **Adjusting the Roll Bar**

### **A WARNING**

A rollover can cause injury or death.

- Keep the roll bar in the raised locked position.
- Use the seat belt.

### **A WARNING**

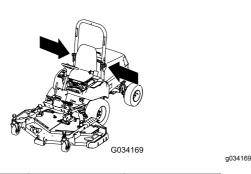
There is no rollover protection when the roll bar is lowered.

- Do not operate the machine on uneven ground or on a hill side with a lowered roll bar.
- Lower the roll bar only when absolutely necessary.
- Do not wear the seat belt when the roll bar is lowered.
- Drive slowly and carefully.
- Raise the roll bar as soon as clearance permits.
- Check carefully for overhead clearances (e.g., branches, doorways, or electrical wires) before driving under any objects and do not contact them.

### Lowering the Roll Bar

*Important:* Lower the roll bar only when absolutely necessary.

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface, engage the parking brake, lower the cutting unit, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- 2. Remove the cotter pins and pins from the roll bar (Figure 29).
- 3. Lower the roll bar and secure it in place with the pins and cotter pins (Figure 29).



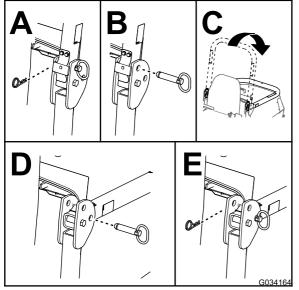


Figure 29

### Raising the Roll Bar

- Park the machine on a level surface, engage the parking brake, lower the cutting unit, shut off the engine, and remove the key from the key switch.
- 2. Remove the cotter pins and pins from the roll bar (Figure 30).
- 3. Raise the roll bar and secure it in place with the pins and cotter pins (Figure 30).

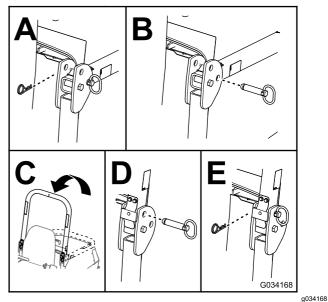
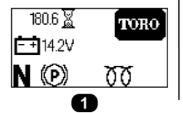


Figure 30

### **Understanding the Display-Screen Information**

The display screen shows information about your machine, such as the operating status, various diagnostics, and other information about the machine. There are two main-information screens (Figure 31) and a main menu screen.



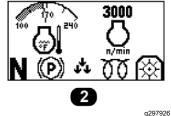


Figure 31

- Battery level and hour meter screen
- 2. Engine temperature and engine speed screen

### **Using the Display-Screen Button**

Use the display-screen button (shown in Figure 32) to toggle between the 2 main-information screens and to access the main menu.

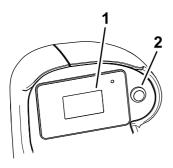


Figure 32

g297898

- 1. Display screen
- 2. Display-screen button
- To access the main menu: Hold down the display-screen button until the menu items appear on the screen.
- To select a menu item: Quickly press the display-screen button twice.

You can also perform this action to toggle an option (e.g., toggling between English or metric units in the SETTINGS screen).

- To return to the previous screen (e.g., returning to the MAIN MENU screen from the SETTINGS screen, or returning to the main-information screens from the MAIN MENU screen): Hold down the display-screen button until the previous screen appears.
- To scroll down to the next menu item: Press the display-screen button once.

### **Understanding the Menu Items**

### Main Menu

Menu Item	Description
FAULTS	Contains a list of the recent machine faults. Refer to the Service Manual or your authorized Toro distributor for more information on the FAULTS menu.
SERVICE	Contains information on the machine such as hours of use, counts and DPF regeneration. Refer to the Service (page 33) table.
DIAGNOSTICS	Lists various states and data that the machine currently has. You can use this information to troubleshoot certain issues, as it quickly tells you which machine controls are on/off and lists control levels (e.g., sensor values).

### Main Menu (cont'd.)

SETTINGS	Allows you to customize and modify configuration variables on the InfoCenter display. Refer to the Settings (page 33) table.
Авоит	Lists the model number, serial number, and software version of your machine. Refer to the About (page 34) table.

### **Service**

Menu Item	Description
Hours	Lists the total number of hours that the key, engine, and PTO have been on.
COUNTS	Lists the number of engine and PTO starts.
DPF REGENERATION	Allows you to control DPF settings; refer to Understanding the Diesel-Particulate Filter and Regeneration (page 36).

### **Settings**

Menu Item	Description
UNITS	Controls the units used on the display screen. The menu choices are English or metric.
Language	Controls the language used on the display screen.
BACKLIGHT	Controls the brightness of the display screen.
CONTRAST	Controls the contrast of the display screen.
PROTECTED MENUS	Allows a person authorized by your company with the PIN code to access protected menus (i.e., the slope sensor setting and the ability to clear the fault log).
PROTECT SETTINGS	When disabled, you can access protected settings without entering the PIN code.
TURNAROUND A	Engages or disengages Turnaround mode. This setting is used with the flail mower; refer to the flail Operator's Manual for more information.

### Settings (cont'd.)

SLOPE SENSOR INSTALLED	Shows whether or not a slope sensor is installed. If a slope sensor is removed from the machine, this setting can be disabled to clear the slope-sensor communication fault.
LOW RPM PTO ENGAGE	Engages or disengages Low RPM PTO Engage mode. This setting is used with the flail mower; refer to the flail Operator's Manual for more information.

■ Protected under Protected Menus—accessible only by entering PIN

### **Diagnostics**

Menu Item	Description
DECK	Indicates if the cutting unit inputs/outputs are active.
PTO	Indicates if the PTO is active.
ENGINE	Indicates if the engine inputs/outputs are active.

### **About**

Menu Item	Description
MODEL	Lists the model number of the machine.
SN	Lists the serial number of the machine.
S/W REV	Lists the software revision of the master controller.
CE MODE	Indicates if CE Mode is enabled or disabled.

### **Understanding the Display-Screen Icons**

Refer to the following table for a description of each display-screen icon:

### **Display-Screen Icons**

	Fuering and d
	Engine speed
Ç	Engine fault
	Hour meter
<u>তত</u>	Air intake heater is active
귀	Operator must sit in seat
Ð	Parking brake is engaged
N	Neutral
傚	PTO is engaged
Ø	PTO is disabled
*\$	Indicates when the cutting units are being lowered
<b>↑</b> ↑	Indicates when the cutting units are being raised
PIN	PIN passcode
<del></del>	Battery
<b>ା</b>	Coolant temperature
_II-)\	Reset-standby regeneration request
111-37 1-37	Parked or recovery regeneration request
ACK	A parked or recovery-standby regeneration is processing.
F-33	High exhaust temperature
= 1.33	NOx control diagnosis malfunction; drive the machine back to the shop and contact your authorized Toro distributor.

### **Accessing the Protected Menus**

**Note:** The factory default PIN code for you machine is "1234".

If you changed the PIN code and forgot the code, contact your authorized Toro distributor for assistance.

- 1. Select the SETTINGS option.
- 2. Select the PROTECTED MENUS option.
- To enter the PIN code, press the display-screen button until the appropriate digit appears, then quickly press the display-screen button twice to move to the next digit.
- 4. After all four digits are entered, press the display button once to submit the PIN code.
  - If the PIN code has been entered correctly, the PIN icon will appear at the top right of all menu screens.

### **During Operation**During Operation Safety

### **General Safety**

- The owner/operator can prevent and is responsible for accidents that may cause personal injury or property damage.
- Wear appropriate clothing, including eye protection; long pants; substantial, slip-resistant footwear; and hearing protection. Tie back long hair and do not wear loose clothing or loose jewelry.
- Do not operate the machine while ill, tired, or under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- Use your full attention while operating the machine. Do not engage in any activity that causes distractions; otherwise, injury or property damage may occur.
- Before you start the engine, ensure that all drives are in neutral, the parking brake is engaged, and you are in the operating position.
- Do not carry passengers on the machine and keep bystanders and children out of the operating area.
- Operate the machine only in good visibility to avoid holes or hidden hazards.
- Avoid mowing on wet grass. Reduced traction could cause the machine to slide.
- Keep your hands and feet away from rotating parts. Keep clear of the discharge opening.
- Look behind and down before backing up to be sure of a clear path.

- Use care when approaching blind corners, shrubs, trees, or other objects that may obscure your vision.
- Stop the blades whenever you are not mowing.
- Stop the machine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before inspecting the attachment after striking an object or if there is an abnormal vibration in the machine. Make all necessary repairs before resuming operation.
- Slow down and use caution when making turns and crossing roads and sidewalks with the machine. Always yield the right-of-way.
- Disengage the drive to the cutting unit, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all movement to stop before adjusting the height of cut (unless you can adjust it from the operating position).
- Operate the engine only in well-ventilated areas.
   Exhaust gases contain carbon monoxide, which is lethal if inhaled.
- Never leave a running machine unattended.
- Before you leave the operator's position, do the following:
  - Park the machine on a level surface.
  - Disengage the power takeoff and lower the attachments.
  - Engage the parking brake.
  - Shut off the engine and remove the key.
  - Wait for all movement to stop.
- Operate the machine only in good visibility. Do not operate the machine when there is the risk of lightning.
- Do not use the machine as a towing vehicle.
- Use accessories, attachments, and replacement parts approved by Toro only.

### Rollover Protection System (ROPS) Safety

- The ROPS is an integral and effective safety device.
- Do not remove any of the ROPS components from the machine.
- Ensure that the seat belt is attached to the machine.
- Pull the belt strap over your lap and connect the belt to the buckle on the other side of the seat.
- To disconnect the seat belt, hold the belt, press the buckle button to release the belt, and guide the belt into the auto-retract opening. Ensure that you can release the belt quickly in an emergency.

- Check carefully for overhead obstructions and do not contact them.
- Keep the ROPS in safe operating condition by thoroughly inspecting it periodically for damage and keeping all the mounting fasteners tight.
- Replace damaged ROPS components. Do not repair or alter them.

### Additional ROPS Safety for Machines with a Cab or a Fixed Roll Bar

- A cab installed by Toro is a roll bar.
- · Always wear your seat belt.

### Additional ROPS Safety for Machines with a Foldable Roll Bar

- Keep a folding roll bar in the raised and locked position, and wear your seat belt when operating the machine with the roll bar in the raised position.
- Lower a folding roll bar temporarily only when necessary. Do not wear the seat belt when the roll bar is folded down.
- Be aware that there is no rollover protection when a folded roll bar is in the down position.
- Check the area that you will be moving and never fold down a folding roll bar in areas where there are slopes, drop-offs, or water.

### **Slope Safety**

- Slopes are a major factor related to loss of control and rollover accidents, which can result in severe injury or death. You are responsible for safe slope operation. Operating the machine on any slope requires extra caution.
- Evaluate the site conditions to determine if the slope is safe for machine operation, including surveying the site. Always use common sense and good judgment when performing this survey.
- Review the slope instructions listed below for operating the machine on slopes and to determine whether you can operate the machine in the conditions on that day and at that site. Changes in the terrain can result in a change in slope operation for the machine.
- Avoid starting, stopping, or turning the machine on slopes. Avoid making sudden changes in speed or direction. Make turns slowly and gradually.
- Do not operate a machine under any conditions where traction, steering, or stability is in question.
- Remove or mark obstructions such as ditches, holes, ruts, bumps, rocks, or other hidden hazards.

- Tall grass can hide obstructions. Uneven terrain could overturn the machine.
- Be aware that operating the machine on wet grass, across slopes, or downhill may cause the machine to lose traction. Loss of traction to the drive wheels may result in sliding and a loss of braking and steering.
- Use extreme caution when operating the machine near drop-offs, ditches, embankments, water hazards, or other hazards. The machine could suddenly roll over if a wheel goes over the edge or the edge caves in. Establish a safety area between the machine and any hazard.
- Identify hazards at the base of the slope.
   If there are hazards, mow the slope with a pedestrian-controlled machine.
- If possible, keep the cutting unit(s) lowered to the ground while operating on slopes. Raising the cutting unit(s) while operating on slopes can cause the machine to become unstable.
- Use extreme caution with grass-collection systems or other attachments. These can change the stability of the machine and cause a loss of control.

## Understanding the Diesel-Particulate Filter and Regeneration

The diesel-particulate filter (DPF) removes soot from the engine exhaust.

The DPF regeneration process uses heat from the engine exhaust that is increased by the catalyst to reduce accumulated soot into ash.

To keep the DPF clean, remember the following:

- Run the engine at full engine speed when possible to promote DPF self-cleaning.
- Use the correct engine oil.
- Minimize the amount of time that you idle the engine.
- Use only ultra low sulfur diesel fuel.

Operate and maintain your machine with the function of the DPF in mind. Engine under load generally produces adequate exhaust temperature for DPF regeneration.

Important: Minimize the amount of time that you idle the engine or operate the engine at low-engine speed to help reduce the accumulation of soot in the DPF.

#### **A** CAUTION

The exhaust temperature is hot (approximately 600°C (1,112°F) during DPF regeneration. Hot exhaust gas can harm you or other people.

- Do not operate the engine in an enclosed area.
- Ensure that there are no flammable materials around the exhaust system.
- Ensure that the hot exhaust gas does not contact surfaces that may be damaged by heat.
- Do not touch a hot exhaust system component.
- Do not stand near or around the exhaust pipe of the machine.

## Understanding the Regeneration Icons

Icon	Icon Definition
< <u></u> ;;;;	Parked or recovery regeneration icon-regeneration is requested.
	Perform the regeneration immediately.
= <u>=</u> -35 ACK	Notes that a regeneration is acknowledged
£-33	Notes that a regeneration is in progress and the exhaust temperature is elevated
<u>~</u> 2	Inhibit regeneration is selected
=1-3	NOx control system malfunction; the machine requires service.

## Types of Diesel Particulate Filter Regeneration

Types of diesel particulate filter regeneration that are performed while the machine is operating:

Types of diesel particulate filter regeneration that are performed while the machine is operating: (cont'd.)

Regeneration Type	Conditions that cause DPF regeneration	DPF description of operation
Reset	Occurs every 100 hours  Also occurs if normal engine operation surpasses the allowed soot accumulation amount within the filter	When the high exhaust-temperature icon is displayed in the InfoCenter, a regeneration is in progress.      During reset regeneration, the engine computer maintains an elevated engine speed to ensure filter regeneration.      Avoid shutting off the engine while the reset regeneration is processing.

## Types of diesel particulate filter regeneration that require you to park the machine:

Regeneration Type	Conditions that cause DPF regeneration	DPF description of operation
Parked	Occurs because the computer determines that the automatic DPF cleaning has not been sufficient.  Also occurs because you initiate a parked regeneration	• When the reset-standby/parked or recovery regeneration icon or a regeneration is requested.
	May occur because the inhibit regen has been initiated and has disabled the automatic DPF cleaning from occuring	Perform the parked regeneration as soon as possible to avoid needing a recovery regeneration.
		A parked regeneration requires 30 to 60 minutes to complete.
	May result from using the incorrect fuel or engine oil	• You must have at least a 1/2 tank of fuel in the tank.
		You must park the machine to perform a parked regeneration.
Recovery	Occurs because the	• When the reset-standby/parked or recovery regeneration icon a recovery regeneration is requested.
	request for parked recovery has been ignored, allowing the DPF to be critically plugged	A recovery regeneration requires up to 3 hours to complete.
		You must have at least a 1/2 tank of fuel in the machine.
		You must park the machine to perform a recovery regeneration.

## Using the DPF Regeneration Menus

#### Accessing the DPF Regeneration Menus

- 1. Navigate to the SERVICE menu from the main menu.
- 2. Select the DPF REGENERATION option.

#### Time Since Last Regeneration

- 1. Access the DPF Regeneration menu, and scroll to the LAST REGEN option.
- 2. Use the LAST REGEN field to determine how many hours you have run the engine since the last reset, parked, or recovery regeneration.

#### Setting the Inhibit Regen Reset Regeneration Only

A reset regeneration produces elevated engine exhaust. If you are operating the machine around trees, brush, tall grass, or other temperature-sensitive plants or materials, you can use the INHIBIT REGEN setting to prevent the engine computer from performing a reset regeneration.

**Note:** The INHIBIT REGEN option is always used when maintenance is being performed on the machine in an enclosed area.

**Note:** If you set the InfoCenter to inhibit regeneration, the InfoCenter displays an advisory every 15 minutes while the engine requests a reset regeneration.

## *Important:* When you shut off the engine and start it again, the inhibit regen setting defaults to OFF.

- 1. Access the DPF Regeneration menu, and scroll down to the INHIBIT REGEN option.
- 2. Select the Inhibit REGEN entry.
- Change the inhibit regeneration setting from Off to On.

## Preparing to Perform a Parked or Recovery Regeneration

- 1. Ensure that the machine has fuel in the tank for the type of regeneration you are performing:
  - Parked Regeneration: Ensure that you have 1/4 tank of fuel before performing the parked regeneration.
  - Recovery Regeneration: Ensure that you have 1/2 tank of fuel before performing the recovery regeneration.
- 2. Move the machine outside to an area away from combustible materials or items that may be damaged by heat.
- 3. Park the machine on a level surface.
- 4. Disengage the PTO, and lower any attachments (if equipped).
- 5. Engage the parking brake.
- Set the throttle to the low IDLE position.

7. Ensure that the air-conditioning is off (machines equipped with a cab only).

## Performing a Parked or Recovery Regeneration

When a parked regeneration is requested by the engine computer, follow the messages on the InfoCenter.

## Important: The computer of the machine cancels DPF regeneration if you increase the engine speed from low idle or release the parking brake.

- 1. Access the DPF Regeneration menu, and scroll down to the PARKED REGEN option or the RECOVERY REGEN option.
- 2. Select the PARKED REGEN entry or the RECOVERY REGEN entry.
- 3. At the VERIFY FUEL LEVEL screen, verify that you have 1/4 tank of fuel if you are performing the parked regeneration or 1/2 tank of fuel if you are performing the recovery regeneration, and press the display-screen button icon to continue.
- On the Parked Regen menu or Recovery Regen menu, press the display-screen button to start the regeneration.
- 5. At the DPF checklist screen, verify that the parking brake is engaged, that the engine speed is set to low idle, and press the display-screen button icon to continue.
- 6. At the Initiate DPF Regen screen, select the display-screen button to continue.
- 7. The InfoCenter displays the INITIATING DPF REGEN message.

**Note:** If needed, hold the display-screen button to cancel the regeneration process.

- 8. The InfoCenter displays the time to complete message.
- 9. The InfoCenter displays the home screen and the regeneration acknowledge icon appears



**Note:** While the DPF regeneration runs, the InfoCenter displays the high

exhaust-temperature icon



10. When the engine computer completes a parked or recovery regeneration, the InfoCenter displays an advisory. Press any button to exit to the home screen.

**Note:** If the regeneration fails to complete, follow the advisory and press any button to exit to the home screen.

#### **Canceling a Parked or Recovery Regeneration**

Use the Parked Regen Cancel or Recovery Regen Cancel setting to cancel a running parked or recovery regeneration process.

- Access the DPF Regeneration menu, scroll down to the PARKED REGEN option or the RECOVERY REGEN option.
- 2. Press the next screen to cancel a Parked Regen or cancel a Recovery Regen.

### Starting the Engine

- Sit on the operator's seat and fasten the seat belt.
- 2. Ensure that the parking brake is engaged and the PTO is disengaged.
- 3. Preheat the engine by rotating the key switch to the ON/PREHEAT position.

**Note:** An automatic timer controls the preheat for 6 seconds.

4. Rotate the key to the START position, crank the engine for no longer than 15 seconds, and allow the key to return to the ON/PREHEAT position.

**Note:** If additional preheating is required, turn the key to the OFF position, then to the ON/PREHEAT position. Repeat this process as needed.

5. Move the throttle to idle speed or partial throttle and run the engine until it warms up.

### Resetting the PTO Function

**Note:** If you leave the operator's seat while the PTO switch is in the O<sub>N</sub> position, the machine will automatically shut off the engine.

Perform the following to reset the PTO function:

- Push down the PTO switch.
- 2. Start the engine; refer to Starting the Engine (page 39).
- 3. Pull up the PTO switch.

## **Understanding Turnaround Mode**

Engage the turnaround mode whenever you install the flail mower (Model 02835).

Turnaround mode allows you to quickly raise the flail mower above the turf when completing a quick turn at the end of a mowing pass, or while navigating around obstacles. When you lower the flail mower to the OPERATING position, you can quickly press and release the attachment lift switch rearward to slightly raise the flail when you perform a quick turn. Once you have completed the turn, press the lift switch to lower the flail back to the ground and resume mowing.

### **Shutting Off the Engine**

- Use the throttle control to lower the engine speed.
- 2. Move the PTO switch to the OFF position.
- 3. Rotate the key switch to the OFF position and remove the key from the switch.

### After Operation

#### **After Operation Safety**

#### **General Safety**

- Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all movement to stop before you leave the operator's position. Allow the machine to cool before adjusting, servicing, cleaning, or storing it.
- Clean grass and debris from the cutting units, mufflers, and engine compartment to help prevent fires. Clean up oil or fuel spills.
- If the cutting units are in the transport position, use the positive mechanical lock (if available) before you leave the machine unattended.
- Allow the engine to cool before storing the machine in any enclosure.
- Remove the key and shut off the fuel (if equipped) before storing or hauling the machine.
- Never store the machine or fuel container where there is an open flame, spark, or pilot light, such as on a water heater or on other appliances.
- Maintain and clean the seat belt(s) as necessary

### **Servicing the Cutting Unit**

You can rotate the cutting unit from the TRANSPORT position (A in Figure 33) to the SERVICE position (B in Figure 33). Use the SERVICE position to maintain the cutting unit blades or clean underneath the cutting unit; refer to your cutting unit *Operator's Manual*.

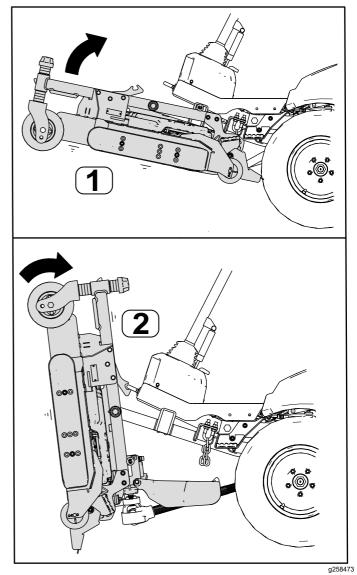


Figure 33

. TRANSPORT position

2. SERVICE position

## Rotating the Cutting Unit to the Service Position

Perform this procedure to rotate the cutting unit from the Transport position to the Service position.

#### **A WARNING**

If you leave the key in the switch, someone could accidently start the engine and seriously injure you or other bystanders.

Remove the key from the switch and do not start the engine with the cutting unit in the SERVICE position.

1. Park the machine a level surface.

- Press the lift switch to raise the cutting unit to 2. the Transport position.
- 3. Engage the parking brake, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- 4. Remove the pins from the height-of-cut plates (Figure 34).

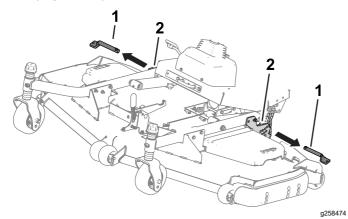


Figure 34

- 1. Height-of-cut pins
- 2. Height-of-cut plates
- 5. Rotate the cutting unit (Figure 35) so that the latch engages with the tie-down bracket (Figure **36**).

#### **A WARNING**

The cutting unit is heavy.

Use assistance when you lift the cutting unit.

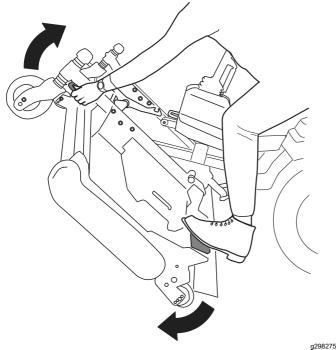


Figure 35

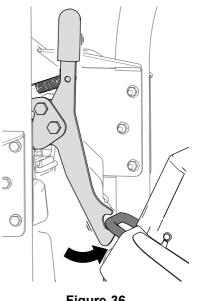


Figure 36

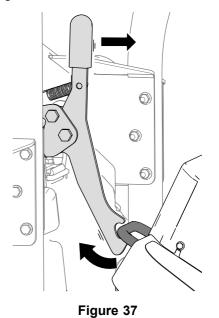
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#### Rotating the Cutting Unit to the **TRANSPORT Position**

Perform this procedure to rotate the cutting unit from the Service position to the Transport position.

Release the cutting-unit latch from the tie-down bracket (Figure 37) by slightly rotating the cutting unit slightly forward (refer to Figure 35) and pulling the latch handle forward.



Slowly rotate the cutting unit down until the pin contacts the lift-arm plate (A in Figure 38).

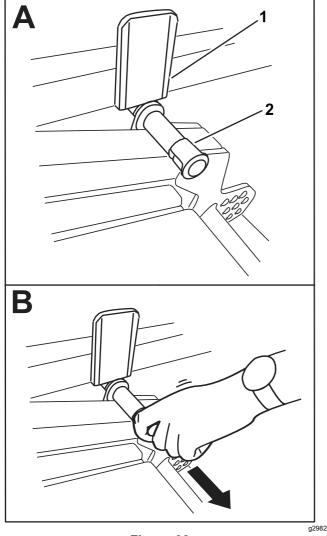


Figure 38

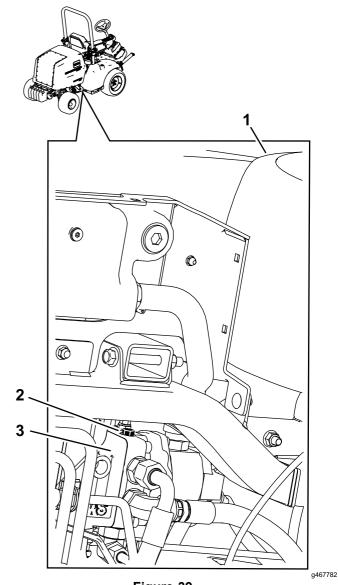
- 1. Lift-arm plate
- 2. Pin
- Use your foot to press down on the cutting unit, then pull out on the pin (B in Figure 38) to let the cutting unit settle into the TRANSPORT position.
- 4. Insert the height-of-cut pins through the height-of-cut plates and chains.

### **Towing the Machine**

If you must tow or push the machine, set the traction pump to bypass the hydraulic fluid. Move the machine at a speed below 4.8 kph (3 mph) for a very short distance.

Important: If you exceed towing limits, severe damage to the hydraulic pump may result. If you must move the machine more than a short distance, transport it on a trailer.

Access the bypass valve from under the machine.



**Figure 39**Bottom View

- I. Right-front tire
- 2. Bypass valve
- 3. Traction pump
- 2. Use a 14 mm (9/16 inch) box-end wrench to loosen the bypass valve, then open the valve no more than 3 revolutions.

Important: Do not start or run the engine when the valve is set to the bypass position.

3. After towing and before starting the engine, tighten the bypass valve to 12 N·m (9 ft-lb).

### **Hauling the Machine**

- Use care when loading or unloading the machine into a trailer or a truck.
- Use full-width ramps for loading the machine into a trailer or a truck.
- Tie the machine down securely.
- Remove the key before storing or hauling the machine.

### **Maintenance**

**Note:** Determine the left and right sides of the machine from the normal operating position.

**Note:** Download a free copy of the electrical or hydraulic schematic by visiting www.Toro.com and searching for your machine from the Manuals link on the home page.

#### **Maintenance Safety**

- Before you leave the operator's position, do the following:
  - Park the machine on a level surface.
  - Disengage the power takeoff and lower the attachments.
  - Engage the parking brake.
  - Shut off the engine and remove the key.
  - Wait for all movement to stop.
- If you leave the key in the switch, someone could accidently start the engine and seriously injure you or other bystanders. Remove the key from the switch before you perform any maintenance.
- Allow machine components to cool before performing maintenance.
- If the cutting units are in the transport position, use the positive mechanical lock (if equipped) before you leave the machine unattended.
- If possible, do not perform maintenance while the engine is running. Keep away from moving parts.
- Support the machine with jack stands whenever you work under the machine.
- Carefully release pressure from components with stored energy.
- Keep all parts of the machine in good working condition and all hardware tightened, especially blade-attachment hardware.
- Replace all worn or damaged decals.
- To ensure safe, optimal performance of the machine, use only genuine Toro replacement parts. Replacement parts made by other manufacturers could be dangerous, and such use could void the product warranty.

## Recommended Maintenance Schedule(s)

Maintenance Service Interval	Maintenance Procedure		
After the first hour	Torque the wheel-lug nuts.		
After the first 10 hours	Torque the wheel-lug nuts. Check the alternator-belt tension.		
After the first 50 hours	Check the alternator-belt tension.		
After the first 1000 hours	Change the hydraulic fluid and hydraulic filter.		
Before each use or daily	<ul> <li>Check the air pressure in the tires.</li> <li>Check the interlock system.</li> <li>Grease the PTO driveshaft (cross-bearings and telescoping splines).</li> <li>Check the engine-oil level.</li> <li>Check the air-cleaner restriction indicator and replace the filter elements if necessary.</li> <li>Check the cooling system and the coolant level.</li> <li>Remove debris from the engine area, oil cooler, fuel cooler, and radiator (clean them more frequently in dirty or dusty conditions).</li> <li>Check the hydraulic-fluid level.</li> <li>Inspect the hoses.</li> </ul>		
Every 50 hours	<ul> <li>Grease the bearings and bushings.</li> <li>Drain water or other contaminants from the fuel/water separator.</li> <li>Check the battery-cable connections.</li> <li>Check the battery condition; clean the battery if needed.</li> <li>Check the battery-electrolyte level when in operation (if applicable).</li> <li>Check the hood-air-intake screen.</li> <li>Check and clean the hood-air-intake screen.</li> </ul>		
Every 100 hours	<ul> <li>Check the alternator-belt condition and tension.</li> <li>Check the traction-belt condition.</li> </ul>		
Every 200 hours	<ul> <li>Torque the wheel-lug nuts.</li> <li>Inspect the cooling-system hoses.</li> <li>Adjust the PTO-clutch gap.</li> </ul>		
Every 250 hours	<ul> <li>Change the air-cleaner element.</li> <li>Check and clean the cooling fins (clean them more frequently in dirty or dusty conditions).</li> </ul>		
Every 400 hours	<ul> <li>Replace the fuel/water separator.</li> <li>Replace the fuel filter.</li> <li>Inspect the fuel lines and connections.</li> <li>Check the parking brake and adjust if needed.</li> <li>Clean the cab air filters; replace them if they are torn or excessively dirty.</li> </ul>		
Every 500 hours	Change the engine oil and filter.		
Every 800 hours	<ul> <li>Change the hydraulic filter (if you are not using the recommended hydraulic fluid or have ever filled the hydraulic tank with alternative fluid).</li> <li>Change the hydraulic fluid (if you are not using the recommended hydraulic fluid or have ever filled the hydraulic tank with alternative fluid).</li> </ul>		
Every 1,000 hours	Change the hydraulic filter (if you are using the recommended hydraulic fluid).		
Every 2,000 hours	<ul> <li>Change the engine coolant</li> <li>Change the hydraulic fluid (if you are using the recommended hydraulic fluid).</li> </ul>		
Monthly	Check the battery-electrolyte level when the machine is in storage (if applicable).		
Yearly	Drain and clean the fuel tank		
Every 2 years	<ul> <li>Replace the low-pressure fuel lines.</li> <li>Replace the cooling-system hoses.</li> <li>Replace moving hoses.</li> </ul>		

Important: Refer to your engine owner's manual for additional maintenance procedures.

## **Daily Maintenance Checklist**

Duplicate this page for routine use.

Maintenance Check Item	For the week of:						
•	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
Check the safety-interlock operation.							
Check that the ROPS is fully raised and locked in position.							
Check the parking-brake operation.							
Check the fuel level.							
Check the engine-oil level.							
Check the cooling-system-fluid level.							
Drain the water/fuel separator.							
Check the air-filter indicator.3							
Check the cooler and screen for debris.							
Check for unusual engine noises.1.							
Check for unusual operating noises.							
Check the hydraulic hoses for damage.							
Check for fluid leaks.							
Check the tire pressure.							
Check the instrument operation.							
Lubricate all the grease fittings. <sup>2</sup>							
Touch up any damaged paint.							
Inspect the seat belt.							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Immediately after every washing, regardless of the interval listed

3If the indicator shows red

Notation for Areas of Concern				
Inspection performed by:				
Item	Date	Information		

### Pre-Maintenance Procedures

### Raising the Machine

#### **A** DANGER

Mechanical or hydraulic jacks may fail to support the machine and cause a serious injury.

- Use jack stands to support the raised machine.
- Use only mechanical or hydraulic jacks to lift the machine.

#### Raising the Front of the Machine

*Important:* Ensure that no cables or hydraulic components are between the jack and the frame.

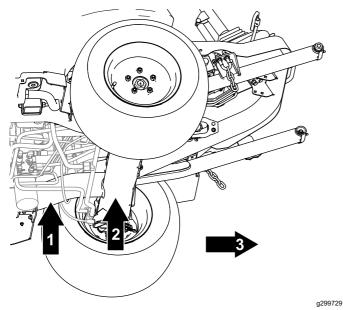


Figure 40

- Front jacking point—frame 3. Front of the machine tube
- 2. Front jack stand point—front axle tube
- 1. Chock the 2 rear wheels with chocks to prevent the machine from moving.
- 2. Position the jack securely under the desired jacking point.
- 3. After raising the front of the machine, use an appropriate jack stand under the machine frame to support the machine.

#### Raising the Rear of the Machine

*Important:* Ensure that no cables or hydraulic components are between the jack and the frame.

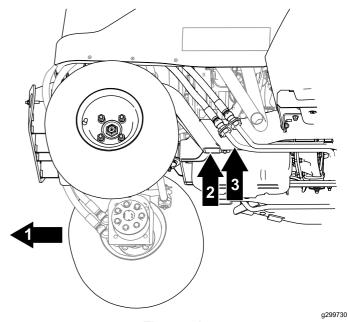


Figure 41

- Rear of the machine
- Rear jack stand point—frame tube
- Rear jacking point—frame tube
- 1. Chock the 2 front wheels with chocks to prevent the machine from moving.
- 2. Position the jack securely under the desired jacking point.

Important: 4-wheel-drive machines have hydraulic lines that run close to the frame. Ensure that your jack is positioned so that the hydraulic lines are not damaged while the machine is raised.

3. After raising the front of the machine, use an appropriate jack stand under the machine frame to support the machine.

### **Raising the Hood**

1. Release the straps from each side of the machine (Figure 42).

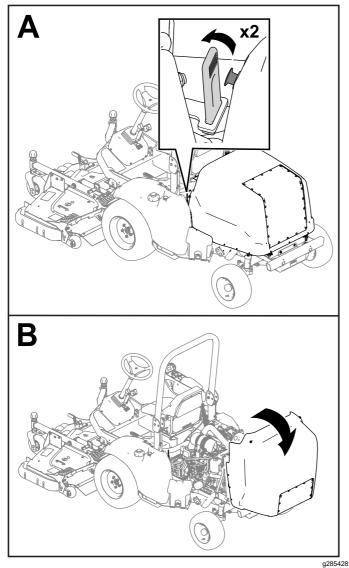


Figure 42

2. Raise the hood (Figure 42).

**Note:** If your machine is equipped with a hood lock, use a key to unlock and raise the hood.

### Lubrication

## **Greasing the Bearings and Bushings**

**Service Interval:** Before each use or daily—Grease the PTO driveshaft (cross-bearings and telescoping splines).

Every 50 hours—Grease the bearings and bushings.

The machine has grease fittings that you must lubricate regularly with No. 2 lithium grease.

## *Important:* Lubricate the machine immediately after every washing.

• Idler arm (Figure 43)

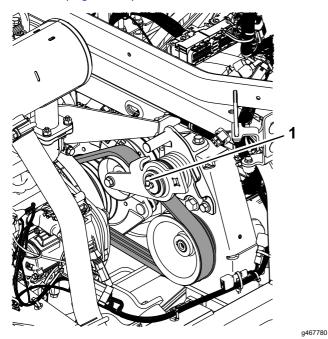


Figure 43

- 1. Idler arm
- PTO driveshaft (Figure 44)

*Important:* Grease the driveshaft before each use or daily.

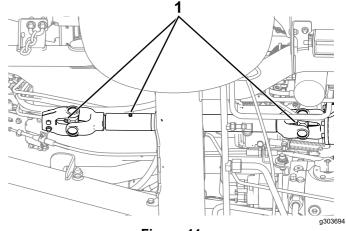


Figure 44

- 1. Grease fittings
- Axle pivot pin (Figure 45)

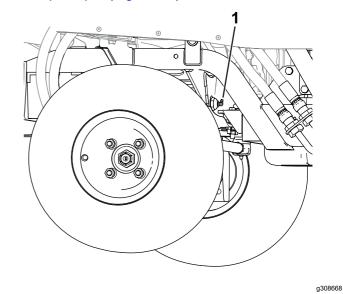
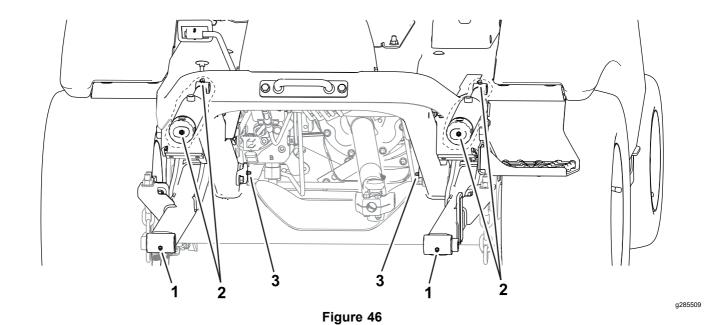


Figure 45

- 1. Axle pivot pin
- Front of the machine (Figure 46):
  - Attachment pivot hubs (2)
  - Lift-cylinder bushings (2)
  - Lift-arm pivot pins (2)



Front of the machine

- Attachment pivot hubs
- 2. Lift-cylinder bushings

3. Lift-arm pivot hubs

- Rear of the machine (Figure 47):
  - Hydraulic-cylinder ball joint (2)

- Axle spindle hubs (2)

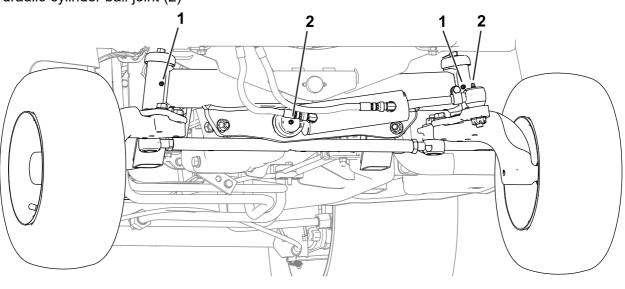


Figure 47

Rear of the machine (bumper removed)

1. Axle spindle hubs

2. Steering-cylinder ball joint

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### **Engine Maintenance**

#### **Engine Safety**

- Shut off the engine and remove the key before checking the oil or adding oil to the crankcase.
- Do not change the governor speed or overspeed the engine.

### Servicing the Engine Oil

## **Understanding the Engine-Oil Specifications**

**Oil Type:** Use high-quality, low-ash engine oil that meets or exceeds the following specifications:

- · API service category CJ-4 or higher
- ACEA service category E6
- · JASO service category DH-2

**Crankcase Capacity:** Approximately 6.2 L (6.5 US qt) with the filter.

**Viscosity:** Use the following engine oil viscosity grade:

- Preferred oil: SAE 15W-40 (above 0°F)
- Alternate oil: SAE 10W-30 or 5W-30 (all temperatures)

Toro Premium Engine Oil is available from your authorized Toro distributor in either 15W-40 or 10W-30 viscosity grades.

#### **Checking the Engine-Oil Level**

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

The best time to check the engine oil is when the engine is cool before it has been started for the day. If the engine has already been run, allow the oil to drain back down to the sump for at least 10 minutes before checking.

If the oil level is at or below the Add mark on the dipstick, add oil to bring the oil level to the Full mark. **Do not overfill the engine with oil**.

Important: Check the engine oil daily. If the engine-oil level is above the Full mark on the dipstick, the engine oil may be diluted with fuel. If the engine-oil level is above the Full mark, change the engine oil.

Important: Keep the engine-oil level between the upper and lower limits on the dipstick. The engine may fail if you run it with too much or too little oil.

- 1. Raise the hood; refer to Raising the Hood (page 48).
- Check the engine-oil level; refer to Figure 48.

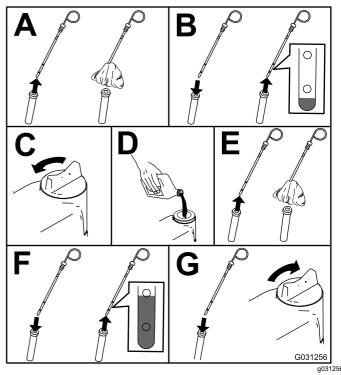
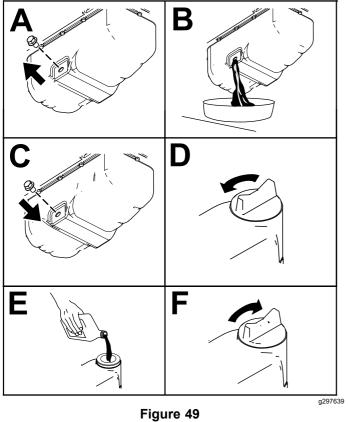


Figure 48

#### **Changing the Engine Oil and Filter**

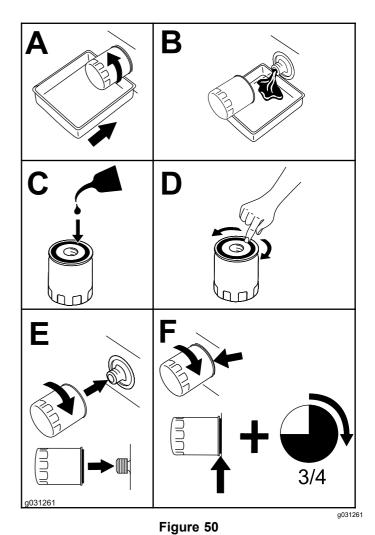
Service Interval: Every 500 hours

- 1. Start the engine and let it run 5 minutes to allow the oil to warm up.
- With the machine parked on a level surface, engage the parking brake, shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all moving parts to stop before leaving the operating position.
- 3. Change the engine oil as shown in Figure 49.



4. Change the engine-oil filter as shown in Figure **50**.

**Note:** Ensure that the oil-filter gasket touches the engine, and then an extra 3/4 turn is completed.



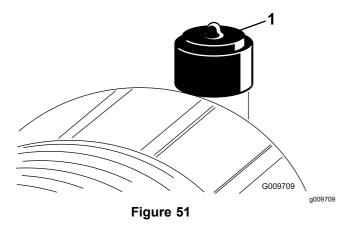
### **Servicing the Air Cleaner**

**Service Interval:** Before each use or daily—Check the air-cleaner restriction indicator and replace the filter elements if necessary.

Every 250 hours—Change the air-cleaner element.

Check the air-cleaner body for damage, which could cause an air leak. Replace the body if it is damaged. Check the intake system for leaks, damage, or loose hose clamps

Service the air-cleaner element only when the restriction indicator (Figure 51) requires it. Changing the air cleaner element before it is necessary increases the chance of dirt entering the engine when you remove the element.



1. Air-cleaner restriction indicator

Important: Ensure that the cover is seated correctly and seals with the air-cleaner body and that the latches are closed properly.

1. Replace the air filter element (Figure 52).

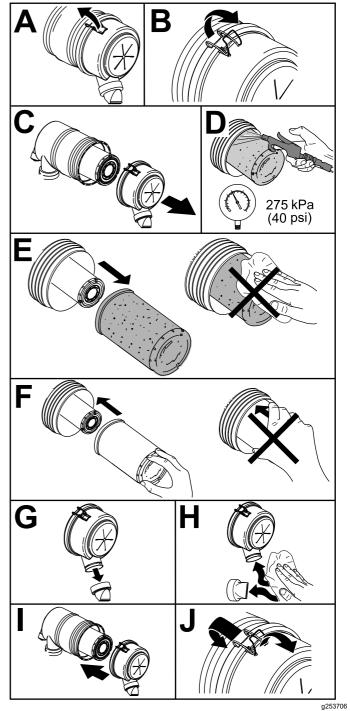


Figure 52

Important: Do not clean a used element; cleaning it can damage the filter media.

2. Reset the restriction indicator (Figure 51) if it shows red.

## Fuel System Maintenance

#### **A** DANGER

Under certain conditions, diesel fuel and fuel vapors are highly flammable and explosive. A fire or explosion from fuel can burn you and others and can cause property damage.

Never smoke when handling fuel, and stay away from an open flame or where a spark may ignite fuel fumes.

## Draining Water from the Fuel/Water Separator

Service Interval: Every 50 hours

 Drain water from the fuel/water separator as shown in Figure 53.

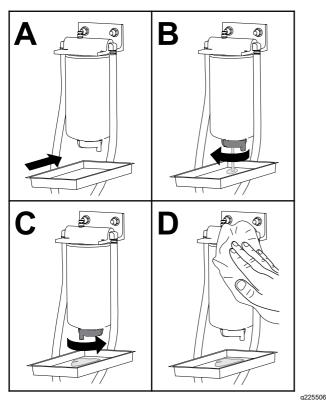


Figure 53

 Prime the filter and the lines to the high pressure pump; refer to Priming the Fuel System (page 55).

## Servicing the Fuel/Water Separator

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

1. Replace the fuel/water separator as shown in Figure 53.

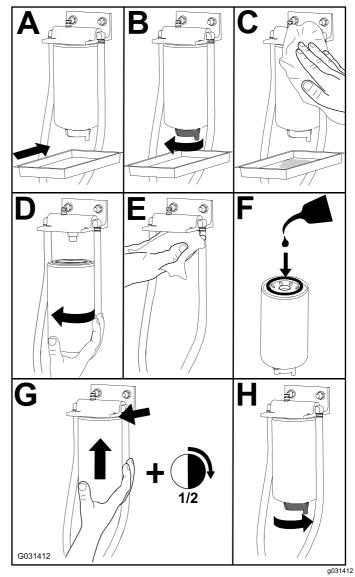


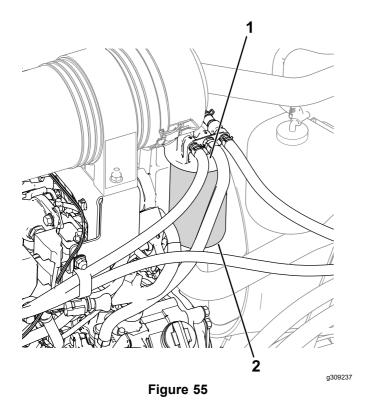
Figure 54

2. Prime the filter and the lines to the high pressure pump; refer to Priming the Fuel System (page 55).

### **Servicing the Fuel Filter**

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

 Clean the area around the fuel-filter head (Figure 55).



- 1. Fuel-filter head
- 2. Fuel filter
- 2. Remove the filter and clean the filter head mounting surface (Figure 55).
- Lubricate the filter gasket with clean lubricating engine oil; refer to the engine owner's manual for additional information.
- 4. Install the dry filter canister by hand until the gasket contacts the filter head, then rotate it an additional 1/2 turn.
- 5. Prime the filter and the lines to the high pressure pump; refer to Priming the Fuel System (page 55).
- 6. Start the engine and check for fuel leaks around the filter head.

### Cleaning the Fuel Tank

**Service Interval:** Yearly—Drain and clean the fuel tank

Drain and clean tank if fuel system becomes contaminated or if you store the machine for an extended period. Use clean diesel fuel to flush out the tank.

## Inspecting the Fuel Lines and Connections

**Service Interval:** Every 400 hours/Yearly (whichever comes first)

#### Every 2 years

Inspect the fuel lines for deterioration, damage, or loose connections.

### **Priming the Fuel System**

Prime the fuel system after the following scenarios:

- · Replacing the fuel filter.
- Draining the water separator after each use or daily.
- · Running out of fuel.
- Replacing a fuel hose or open the fuel system for any reason.

To prime the fuel system, perform the following steps:

### *Important:* Do not use the engine-starter motor to crank the engine for fuel-system priming.

- 1. Ensure that fuel is in the fuel tank.
- 2. Perform the following steps to prime the filter and the lines to the high-pressure pump to prevent wear or damage to the pump:
  - A. Cycle the key to the ON position for 15 to 20 seconds.
  - B. Cycle the key to the OFF position for 30 to 40 seconds.

**Note:** This allows the ECU to power down.

- C. Cycle the key to the ON position for 15 to 20 seconds.
- D. Inspect for leaks around the filter and hoses.
- E. Start the engine and inspect for leaks.

## Electrical System Maintenance

### **Electrical System Safety**

- Disconnect the battery before repairing the machine. Disconnect the negative terminal first and the positive last. Connect the positive terminal first and the negative last.
- Charge the battery in an open, well-ventilated area, away from sparks and flames. Unplug the charger before connecting or disconnecting the battery. Wear protective clothing and use insulated tools.

### **Accessing the Battery**

The battery is adjacent to the fuel tank on the left side of the machine. To access the battery, raise the hood, unscrew the thumb screw that secures the cover over the battery, and remove the cover (Figure 56).

**Note:** The screw is retained with a locking washer.

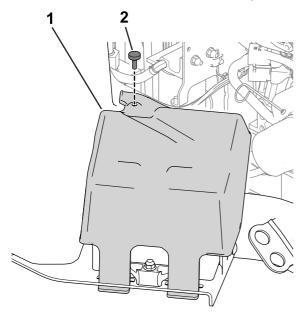


Figure 56

Battery cover

2. Thumb screw

### **Disconnecting the Battery**

#### **A WARNING**

Battery terminals or metal tools could short against metal components, causing sparks. Sparks can cause the battery gasses to explode, resulting in personal injury.

- When removing or installing the battery, do not allow the battery terminals to touch any metal parts of the machine.
- Do not allow metal tools to short between the battery terminals and metal parts of the machine.

#### **A WARNING**

Incorrect battery cable routing could damage the machine and cables, causing sparks. Sparks can cause the battery gasses to explode, resulting in personal injury.

Always disconnect the negative (black) battery cable before disconnecting the positive (red) cable.

1. Remove the negative battery cable from the battery post (Figure 57).

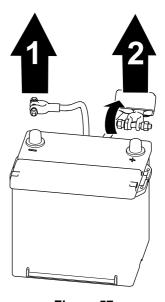


Figure 57

. Negative battery cable

2. Positive battery cable

2. Lift the insulator and remove the positive battery cable from the battery post (Figure 57).

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#### **Connecting the Battery**

#### **A WARNING**

Incorrect battery cable routing could damage the machine and cables, causing sparks. Sparks can cause the battery gasses to explode, resulting in personal injury.

Always connect the positive (red) battery cable before connecting the negative (black) cable.

1. Connect the positive cable to the battery and tighten the battery-clamp nut (Figure 58).

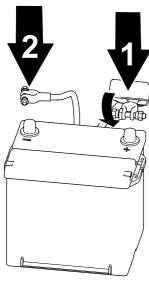


Figure 58

- 1. Positive battery cable
- 2. Negative battery cable
- 2. Connect the negative cable to the battery and tighten the battery-clamp nut (Figure 58).

*Important:* Ensure that the cable-clamp fasteners do not interfere with the fuel tank.

## Removing or Installing the Battery

A retainer (Figure 59) holds the battery in the tray. Loosen the retainer hardware to remove the battery; tighten it when installing the battery.

**Note:** To access the battery, refer to Accessing the Battery (page 56). Replace the cover when you install the battery.

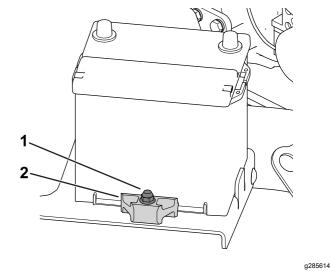


Figure 59

1. Retainer hardware

2. Retainer

## Checking the Battery Condition

Important: Before welding on the machine, disconnect the negative cable from the battery to prevent damage to the electrical system.

Check the battery condition weekly or after every 50 hours of operation. Keep the terminals and the entire battery case clean, as a dirty battery will discharge slowly.

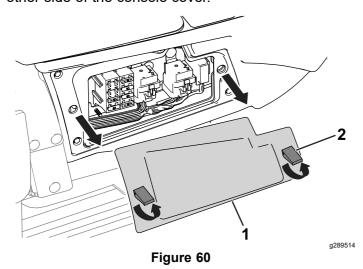
- 1. Access the battery; refer to Accessing the Battery (page 56).
- Remove the rubber insulator from the positive terminal and inspect the battery. If the battery is dirty, do the following steps:
  - A. Wash the entire case with a solution of baking soda and water.
  - B. Coat both battery posts and cable connectors with Grafo 112X (skin-over) grease (Toro Part No. 505-47) to prevent corrosion.
  - Slide the rubber insulator over the positive terminal.
  - D. Close the battery cover.

### **Locating the Fuses**

#### **Locating the Traction-Unit Fuses**

Remove the console cover to access the traction-unit fuses (Figure 60).

**Note:** The traction-unit fuse decal is located on the other side of the console cover.



Console cover

2. Latch

Refer to the Traction-Unit Fuse Block (page 58) table for a description of each fuse on the traction-unit fuse block (Figure 61):

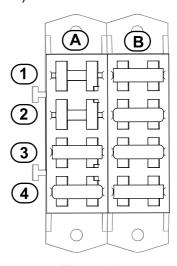


Figure 61

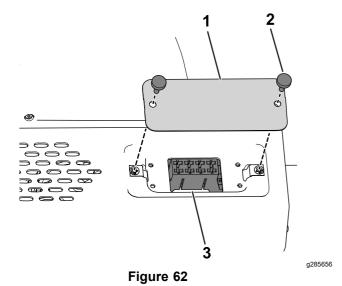
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#### **Traction-Unit Fuse Block**

	Α	В
1	Cab (10 A)	Display-screen power (15 A)
2	Open slot	Key run input for the display-screen controller (10 A)
3	Air ride seat (15 A)	Start circuit (10 A)
4	USB port, hour meter, telematics, expansion port (20 A)	Ignition switch power (15 A)

#### **Locating the Cab Fuses**

The cab fuses are located above the passenger seat. Access the fuses by removing the fuse-box cover (Figure 62).



- 1. Fuse box cover
- 2. Thumb screw
- 3. Cab fuses

Refer to the Cab Fuse Block (page 59) table for a description of each fuse on the traction-unit fuse block (Figure 63):

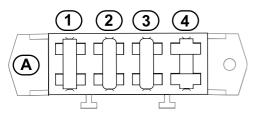


Figure 63

#### Cab Fuse Block

	Α
1	Condenser fan; Air-conditioning clutch (25 A)
2	Windshield washer (20 A)
3	Fan and interior light (40 A)
4	Open slot

## Drive System Maintenance

## **Torquing the Wheel-Lug Nuts**

Service Interval: After the first hour

After the first 10 hours

Every 200 hours

Wheel-lug nut torque specification: 102 to 108 N·m (75 to 80 ft-lb)

Torque the lug nuts at the front and rear wheels (4-wheel-drive machines only) in the pattern as shown in Figure 64 and Figure 65 to the specified torque.

Front wheels: refer to Figure 64

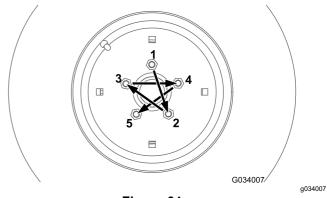


Figure 64

Rear wheels (4-wheel-drive machines only): refer to Figure 65

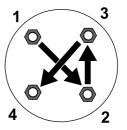


Figure 65

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### Aligning the PTO Driveshaft

If you separate the PTO-driveshaft telescoping end the from the clutch end, ensure that the paint markings are aligned and the key aligns with the missing spline in the clutch end (Figure 66) when you install the telescoping end. The end yokes should also be aligned as shown in Figure 66.

*Important:* If the driveshaft is not aligned, severe imbalance may occur in the driveline system.

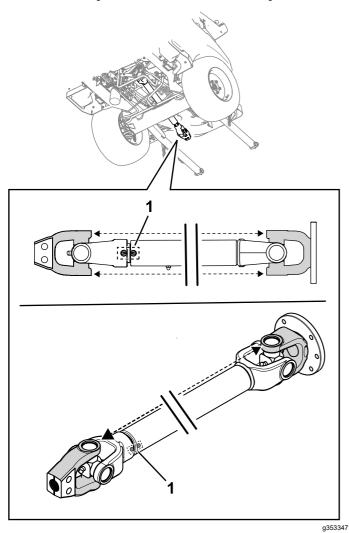


Figure 66

1. Paint markings

## Cooling System Maintenance

### **Cooling System Safety**

- Swallowing engine coolant can cause poisoning; keep out of reach from children and pets.
- Discharge of hot, pressurized coolant or touching a hot radiator and surrounding parts can cause severe burns.
  - Always allow the engine to cool at least 15 minutes before removing the radiator cap.
  - Use a rag when opening the radiator cap, and open the cap slowly to allow steam to escape.
- Do not operate the machine without the covers in place.
- Keep your fingers, hands, and clothing clear of the rotating fan and drive belt.

### **Coolant Specification**

The coolant reservoir is filled at the factory with a 50/50 solution of water and ethylene glycol base extended-life coolant.

Important: Use only commercially available coolants that meet the specifications listed in the Extended Life Coolant Standards Table.

Do not use conventional (green) inorganic-acid technology (IAT) coolant in your machine. Do not mix conventional coolant with extended-life coolant.

#### **Coolant Type Table**

Ethylene-Glycol Coolant Type	Corrosion Inhibitor Type	
Extended-life antifreeze	Organic-acid technology (OAT)	

Important: Do not rely on the color of the coolant to identify the difference between conventional (green) inorganic-acid technology (IAT) coolant and extended-life coolant.

Coolant manufacturers may dye extended-life coolant in one of the following colors: red, pink, orange, yellow, blue, teal, violet, and green. Use coolant that meets the specifications in the Extended Life Coolant Standards Table.

#### **Extended Life Coolant Standards**

ATSM International	SAE International
D3306 and D4985	J1034, J814, and 1941

Important: Coolant concentration should be a 50/50 mixture of coolant to water.

- Preferred: When mixing coolant from a concentrate, mix it with distilled water.
- **Preferred option:** If distilled water is not available, use a pre-mix coolant instead of a concentrate.
- Minimum requirement: If distilled water and pre-mix coolant are not available, mix concentrated coolant with clean drinkable water.

## **Checking the Cooling System and Coolant Level**

**Service Interval:** Before each use or daily—Check the cooling system and the coolant level.

Before each use or daily—Remove debris from the engine area, oil cooler, fuel cooler, and radiator (clean them more frequently in dirty or dusty conditions).

Every 2,000 hours/Every 2 years (whichever comes first)—Change the engine coolant

When the engine is cold, the coolant level should be no higher than the COLD mark on the side of the expansion tank (Figure 67). When the engine is warm, the coolant level should be no higher than the FULL (HOT) mark.

If the coolant is above the COLD mark when the engine is cold, it may leak out of the tank when the engine gets hot during operation.

1. When the engine is cold, check the level of the coolant in the expansion tank.

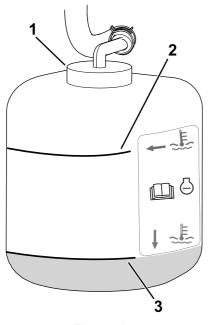


Figure 67

- 1. Cap 3. Cold mark
- 2. FULL (HOT) mark

- If the coolant is not visible at the COLD mark or below when cold, remove the expansion-tank cap and add the recommended replacement coolant [refer to Coolant Specification (page 60)] as required to bring the level to the COLD mark.
  - Important: Do not use water only or alcohol-based coolants.

    Do not fill past the COLD mark on the tank.
- 3. Install the expansion-tank cap.

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### Checking the **Hood-Air-Intake Screen**

Service Interval: Every 50 hours

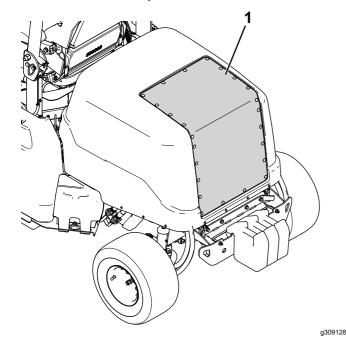


Figure 68

- 1. Hood-air-intake screen
- Raise the hood; refer to Raising the Hood (page 48).
- Use compressed air to clean the hood screen (shown in Figure 68). Direct the air out from the machine.

### **Checking the Cooling Fins**

Service Interval: Every 50 hours

Every 250 hours

Use compressed air to clean the radiator fins. Direct the air out from the machine (Figure 69).

Important: Do not use water to clean the fins.

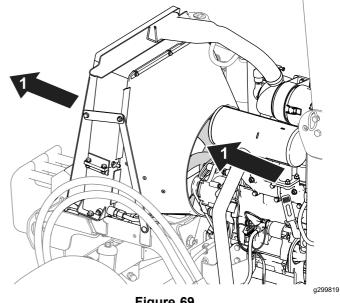


Figure 69

- 1. Compressed-air direction
- Straighten any bent fins.

### Inspecting the **Cooling-System Hoses**

Service Interval: Every 200 hours

Every 2 years

Inspect the cooling-system hoses for leaks, kinked lines, loose mounting supports, wear, loose fittings, weather deterioration, and chemical deterioration. Make all necessary repairs before operating the machine.

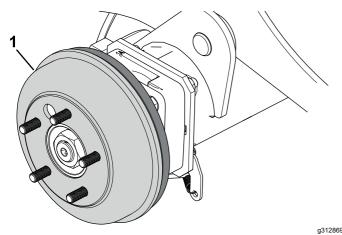
### **Brake Maintenance**

## Checking and Adjusting the Parking Brake

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

#### **Checking the Parking Brake**

- Place jack stands under the front of the machine; refer to Raising the Front of the Machine (page 47).
- 2. Remove the front wheels.
- 3. Move the parking brake to the DISENGAGED position; refer to Parking Brake (page 25).
- 4. Remove the brake drums (Figure 70) by hand.
  - If you feel resistance while removing the brake drums by hand, an adjustment is **not** needed.
  - If you **do not** feel resistance while removing the brake drums by hand, an adjustment is needed; refer to Adjusting the Parking Brake (page 63).



**Figure 70**Right side of the machine shown.

- 1. Brake drum
- 5. Install the front wheels and torque the lug nuts; refer to Torquing the Wheel-Lug Nuts (page 59).

#### **Adjusting the Parking Brake**

- 1. Chock the wheels.
- 2. Ensure that the parking brake is disengaged.
- 3. Locate the brake-cable mount (Figure 71) under the left side of the machine near the left wheel.

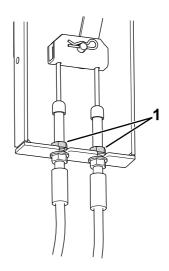


Figure 71

- 1. Jam nuts
- 4. Loosen the top jam nuts so that a gap (3.2 mm [1/8 inch] to 4.8 mm [3/16 inch]) appears.
- Pull down on a cable until the top jam nut contacts the bracket.
- 6. Tighten the bottom jam nut.
- 7. Repeat steps 5 and 6 for the other cable.
- 8. Check the parking brake; refer to Checking the Parking Brake (page 63).

#### **Belt Maintenance**

### Checking the Alternator-Belt Tension

Service Interval: After the first 10 hours

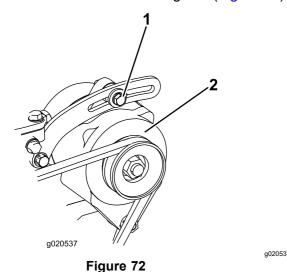
After the first 50 hours

Every 100 hours

Proper tension of the belt allows 10 mm (3/8 inch) of deflection when a force of 4.5 kg (10 lb) is applied on the belt midway between the pulleys.

If the deflection is not 10 mm (3/8 inch), perform the following steps:

1. Loosen the alternator-mounting bolt (Figure 63).



-

1. Mounting bolt

- 2. Alternator
- 2. Increase or decrease the alternator-belt tension and tighten the bolt.
- Check the deflection of the belt again to ensure that the tension is correct.

### **Servicing the Traction Belt**

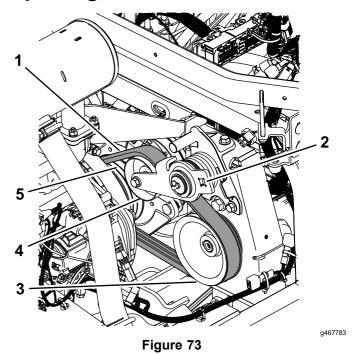
### **Checking the Traction Belt**

Service Interval: Every 100 hours

Inspect the traction belt for signs of excessive wear or damage.

Replace the belt if it is excessively worn or damaged; refer to Replacing the Traction Belt (page 64).

#### **Replacing the Traction Belt**



- 1. Traction belt
- 2. Insert ratchet here
- 3. Pump pulley
- 4. Idler pulley
- 5. Engine pulley

#### **Removing the Traction Belt**

- Park the machine on a level surface, lower the cutting unit, engage the parking brake, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- Disconnect the PTO shaft from the attachment gearbox; refer to your attachment *Operator's* Manual.
- 3. Unplug the clutch-wire-harness connector from the machine wire harness.

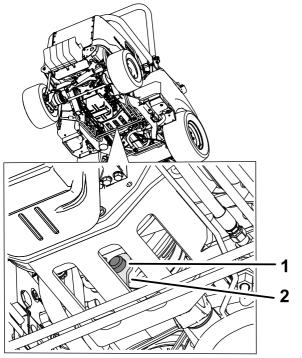


Figure 74

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1. Rubber bumper

2. Metal retainer

- 4. Remove the rubber bumper from the metal retainer and clutch (Figure 74).
- Have an assistant use a ratchet to release tension from the belt, then remove the belt from the pump pulley, idler pulley, and engine pulley.
- 6. To remove the old belt, move the belt over the clutch and forward on the PTO shaft.

#### Installing the Traction Belt

- 1. Move the belt along the PTO shaft, over the clutch, and onto the engine pulley.
- 2. Have an assistant use a ratchet to pull the idler pulley down.
- 3. Route the belt on the engine pulley, idler pulley, and pump pulley (Figure 73).
- 4. Remove the ratchet from the idler arm.
- 5. Install the rubber bumper into the metal retainer and secure the bumper to the clutch.
- 6. Plug in the clutch-wire-harness connector to the machine wire harness.
- 7. Install the PTO shaft to the attachment gearbox.

## Controls System Maintenance

## Adjusting the PTO-Clutch Gap

Service Interval: Every 200 hours

- Allow the engine to cool.
- 2. Raise the engine hood.
- 3. Adjust the air gap so that a 0.3 mm (0.012 inch) feeler gauge slides in between the clutch lining and friction plate with light pressure (Figure 75).

**Note:** You can decrease the gap by turning the adjusting nuts clockwise (Figure 75). The maximum service gap is 0.6 mm (0.024 inch). Adjust all 3 air gaps to 0.4 mm (0.012 inches).

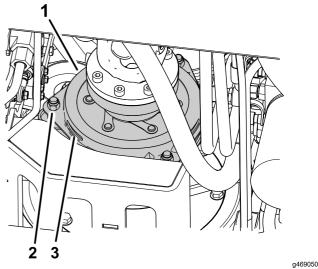


Figure 75

1. Clutch

3. 0.3 mm (0.012 inch) air gap (3)

2. Adjusting nut (3)

4. After the 3 air gaps are adjusted, check all 3 again.

**Note:** Adjusting 1 air gap can alter the other gaps.

### Adjusting the Traction-Pedal Stop

You can adjust the traction pedal for operator comfort or to reduce the maximum forward speed of the machine.

1. Move the traction pedal fully forward (Figure 76).

**Note:** The traction pedal should contact the traction-pedal stop before the pump reaches full stroke.

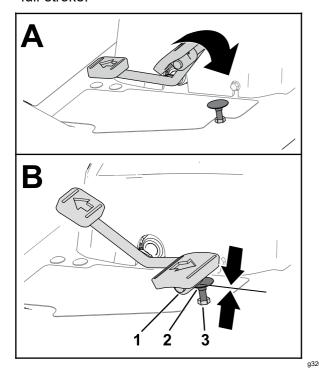
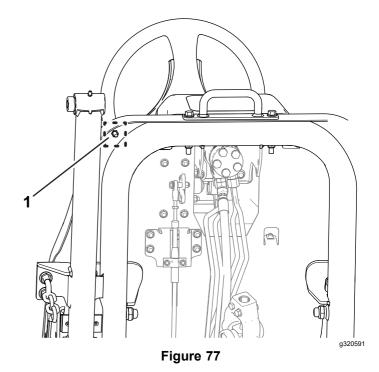


Figure 76

- . Traction pedal
- Jam nut (top of the footrest plate)
- 2. Traction-pedal stop
- If the traction pedal does not contact the traction-pedal stop or if you want to reduce the forward speed of the machine, perform the following:
  - A. Hold the traction-pedal stop (Figure 76) with a wrench.
  - B. Loosen the jam nut at the bottom of the footrest plate (Figure 77).



- 1. Jam nut (bottom of the footrest plate)
  - C. Move the traction pedal to the full forward position (Figure 76).
  - D. While holding the traction-pedal stop, adjust the jam nut that is above the footrest plate (Figure 76) until the traction pedal makes contact with the stop.
  - E. Lengthen the traction-pedal stop position by rotating the stop 1 full rotation counterclockwise away from the jam nut above the footrest plate.

**Note:** Shortening the traction-pedal-stop position will increase the forward speed of the machine.

- F. While holding the traction-pedal stop, torque the jam nut at the bottom of the footrest plate (Figure 76 and Figure 77) to 37 to 45 N·m (27 to 33 ft-lb).
- G. Check that the traction pedal contacts the traction-pedal stop before the pump reaches full stroke.

**Note:** If the traction pedal does not contact the traction-pedal stop, repeat steps A through G.

## Hydraulic System Maintenance

### **Hydraulic System Safety**

- Seek immediate medical attention if fluid is injected into skin. Injected fluid must be surgically removed within a few hours by a doctor.
- Ensure that all hydraulic-fluid hoses and lines are in good condition and all hydraulic connections and fittings are tight before applying pressure to the hydraulic system.
- Keep your body and hands away from pinhole leaks or nozzles that eject high-pressure hydraulic fluid.
- Use cardboard or paper to find hydraulic leaks.
- Safely relieve all pressure in the hydraulic system before performing any work on the hydraulic system.

## Hydraulic Fluid Specifications

The reservoir is filled at the factory with approximately 22.7 L (6 US gallons) of high-quality hydraulic fluid. Check the level of the hydraulic fluid before the engine is first started and daily thereafter; refer to Checking the Hydraulic-Fluid Level (page 67).

**Recommended replacement fluid:** Toro PX Extended Life Hydraulic Fluid; available in 19 L (5 US gallon) pails or 208 L (55 US gallon) drums.

**Note:** A machine using the recommended replacement fluid requires less frequent fluid and filter changes.

Alternative hydraulic fluids:If Toro PX Extended Life Hydraulic Fluid is not available, you may use another conventional, petroleum-based hydraulic fluid having specifications that fall within the listed range for all the following material properties and that it meets industry standards. Do not use synthetic fluid. Consult with your lubricant distributor to identify a satisfactory product.

**Note:** Toro does not assume responsibility for damage caused by improper substitutions, so use products only from reputable manufacturers who will stand behind their recommendation.

## High Viscosity Index/Low Pour Point Anti-wear Hydraulic Fluid, ISO VG 46

Material Properties:

Viscosity, ASTM D445

cSt @ 40°C (104°F) 44 to 48

## High Viscosity Index/Low Pour Point Anti-wear Hydraulic Fluid, ISO VG 46 (cont'd.)

Viscosity Index ASTM D2270 140 or higher

Pour Point, ASTM D97 -37°C to -45° C (-34° F to -49° F)

Industry Specifications: Eaton Vickers 694 (I-286-S, M-2950-S/35VQ25 or

M-2952-S)

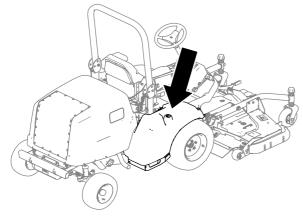
**Note:** Many hydraulic fluids are almost colorless, making it difficult to spot leaks. A red dye additive for the hydraulic fluid is available in 20 ml (2/3 fl oz) bottles. A bottle is sufficient for 15 to 22 L (4 to 6 US gallons) of hydraulic fluid. Order Part Number. 44-2500 from your authorized Toro distributor.

Important: Toro Premium Synthetic Biodegradable Hydraulic Fluid is the only synthetic biodegradable fluid approved by Toro. This fluid is compatible with the elastomers used in Toro hydraulic systems and is suitable for a wide-range of temperature conditions. This fluid is compatible with conventional mineral oils, but for maximum biodegradability and performance, the hydraulic system should be thoroughly flushed of conventional fluid. The oil is available in 19 L (5 US gallon) pails or 208 L (55 US gallon) drums from your authorized Toro distributor.

### Checking the Hydraulic-Fluid Level

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface, lower the cutting unit, engage the parking brake, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- 2. Remove the plug from the hydraulic tank (Figure 78).



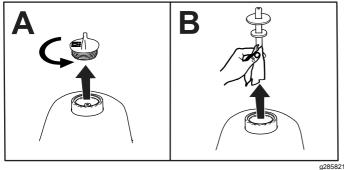


Figure 78

- 3. Remove the dipstick from the hydraulic tank and wipe it with a clean cloth (Figure 78).
- 4. Insert the dipstick into the hydraulic tank.
- 5. Remove the dipstick and check the fluid level (Figure 79).
  - If you have a cutting unit equipped: The hydraulic-fluid level is at the appropriate level when the fluid appears between the lower 2 marks on the dipstick (A in Figure 79). It is also acceptable for the fluid level to be above the lower marks.
  - If you have the Hydraulic Driven
    Attachment Hose Kit equipped: The
    hydraulic-fluid level is at the appropriate level
    when the fluid appears between the upper 2
    marks on the dipstick (B in Figure 79).

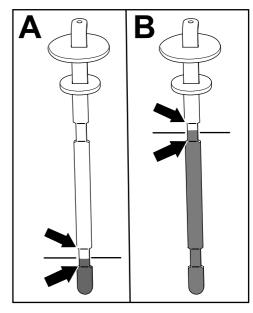


Figure 79

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- 6. If the fluid level is below the appropriate lower mark (per your equipped attachment; refer to step 5) on the dipstick, add the specified hydraulic fluid into the tank. Repeat steps 3 through 5 until the fluid level appears between the appropriate 2 marks on the dipstick.
- 7. Insert the dipstick and plug into the hydraulic tank.
- 8. Hand-tighten the plug.

*Important:* Do not use a tool to tighten the plug.

9. Check all hydraulic hoses and fittings for leaks.

## Changing the Hydraulic Fluid and Filters

**Service Interval:** After the first 1000 hours—Change the hydraulic fluid and hydraulic filter.

Every 800 hours—Change the hydraulic filter (if you are **not** using the recommended hydraulic fluid or have ever filled the hydraulic tank with alternative fluid).

Every 800 hours—Change the hydraulic fluid (if you are **not** using the recommended hydraulic fluid or have ever filled the hydraulic tank with alternative fluid).

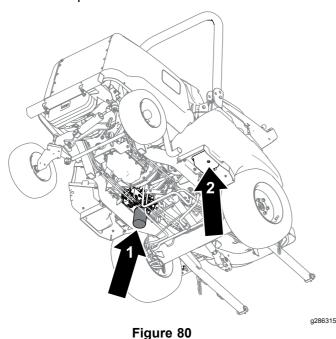
Every 1,000 hours—Change the hydraulic filter (if you are using the recommended hydraulic fluid).

Every 2,000 hours—Change the hydraulic fluid (if you are using the recommended hydraulic fluid).

If the hydraulic fluid becomes contaminated, contact your authorized Toro distributor; the system must be flushed. Contaminated fluid looks milky or black when compared to clean fluid.

Important: Use Toro replacement filters; refer to the machine *Parts Catalog*. Using any other filter may void the warranty on some components.

- 1. Park the machine on a level surface, lower the cutting unit, engage the parking brake, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
- 2. Place a large drain pan under the hydraulic-fluid tank
- 3. Remove the hydraulic-tank cap and dipstick.
- Remove the drain plug (Figure 80) from the bottom of the tank and let the hydraulic fluid flow into the pan.



- 1. Hydraulic filter
- 2. Drain plug
- 5. Clean the area around the filter-mounting area.
- 6. Place a drain pan under the filter (Figure 80), remove the filter, and let any remaining oil drain into the pan.
- Lubricate the new filter gasket and fill the filter with hydraulic fluid.
- 8. Ensure that the filter-mounting area is clean and screw the filter on until the gasket contacts the mounting plate; then tighten the filter an additional 1/2 turn.
- Fill the hydraulic tank with hydraulic fluid; refer to Checking the Hydraulic-Fluid Level (page 67).

*Important:* Use only the hydraulic fluids specified. Other fluids could cause system damage.

- 10. Install the drain plug when the hydraulic fluid stops draining.
- 11. Install the reservoir dipstick and cap.
- 12. Start the engine and use all of the hydraulic controls in the following order to distribute hydraulic fluid throughout the system:
  - A. Use the traction pedal to move the machine forward and backward.
  - B. Use the steering wheel to move the tires all the way to the right and left.
  - C. Use the lift switch to raise and lower the attachment (e.g., cutting unit).
- 13. Check for leaks and shut off the engine.
- 14. Check the hydraulic fluid level in the tank; refer to Checking the Hydraulic-Fluid Level (page 67).

## **Checking the Hydraulic Lines and Hoses**

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Every 2 years—Replace moving hoses.

Inspect the hydraulic lines and hoses daily for leaks, kinked lines, loose mounting supports, wear, loose fittings, weather deterioration, and chemical deterioration. Make all necessary repairs before operating the machine.

#### Cab Maintenance

#### **Cleaning the Cab**

Important: Use care around the cab seals (Figure 81). If you are using a pressure washer, keep the washer wand at least 0.6 m (2 ft) away from the machine. Do not use the pressure washer directly on the cab seals or under the rear overhang.

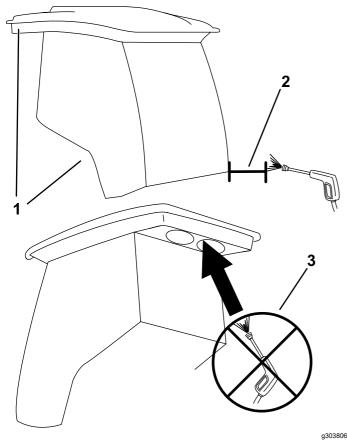


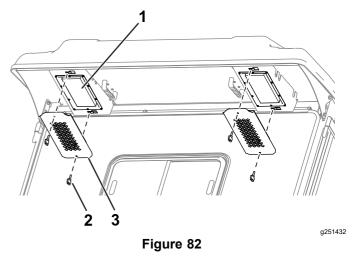
Figure 81

- . Seal
- 3. Do not pressure wash under the rear overhang.
- Keep wand 0.6 m (2 ft) away.

### **Cleaning the Cab Air Filters**

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

 Remove the knobs and grates from the cab rear overhang (Figure 82).



l. Filter

Grate

- 2. Knob
- 2. Remove the air filters from the cab.
- 3. Clean the filters by blowing clean, oil-free, compressed air through them.

*Important:* If either filter has a hole, tear, or other damage, replace the filter.

4. Use the knobs and grates to install the filters into the cab (Figure 82).

## Cleaning the Cab Condenser Filter

The purpose of the cab condenser filter is to prevent large debris, such as grass and leaves, from entering the cab condenser and condenser fans.

- 1. Pull the screen cover straight down.
- 2. Clean the condenser filter with water.

**Note:** Do not use a pressure washer.

*Important:* If the filter has a hole, tear, or other damage, replace the filter.

- 3. Allow the filter to dry before installing it into the machine.
- 4. Rotate the filter screen around the tabs until the latch locks into the latch-mount assembly (Figure 83).

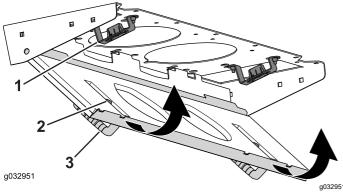


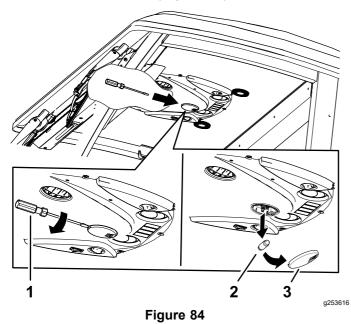
Figure 83

- 1. Latch-mount assembly
- 3. Screen cover
- 2. Condenser filter

### Replacing the Dome Light

**Note:** Refer to the *Parts Catalog* for the appropriate bulb part number.

 Use a screwdriver to remove the light lens from the control panel. (Figure 84).



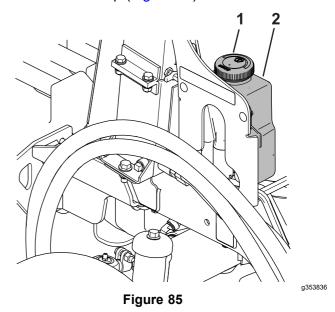
- 1. Screwdriver
- 3. Lens

- 2. Bulb
- 2. Remove the bulb from the light base (Figure 84).
- 3. Install a new bulb into the light base.
- Install the lens into the control panel.

# Filling the Windshield-Wiper-Fluid Reservoir

**Note:** The windshield-wiper-fluid reservoir is located next to the engine on the right side of the machine.

1. Remove the cap (Figure 85) on the reservoir.



- 1. Reservoir cap
- Reservoir
- 2. Fill the reservoir with wiper fluid.
- 3. Replace the cap on the reservoir.

## **Storage**

### **Storage Safety**

- Shut off the engine, remove the key, and wait for all movement to stop before you leave the operator's position. Allow the machine to cool before adjusting, servicing, cleaning, or storing it.
- Do not store the machine or fuel container where there is an open flame, spark, or pilot light, such as on a water heater or other appliance.

### **Preparing the Machine**

*Important:* Do not use brackish or reclaimed water to clean the machine.

- Park the machine on a level surface; engage the parking brake; shut off the engine; remove the key; and wait for all movement to stop before leaving the machine.
- Thoroughly clean the machine, cutting unit, and engine.

Important: Do not use high-pressure water near the electrical controls or cab seals, as this may cause damage.

- 3. Check and adjust the air pressure in the tires; refer to Checking the Tire Air Pressure (page 29).
- 4. Check the hydraulic lines and hoses; repair them as necessary.
- Check the hydraulic-fluid level; refer to Checking the Hydraulic-Fluid Level (page 67).
- 6. Remove, sharpen, balance, and install the cutting-unit blades.
- 7. Check for loose fasteners and tighten them as necessary.
- 8. Lubricate all grease fittings and apply oil to pivot points. Wipe clean any excess lubricant.
- Lightly sand and use touch-up paint on painted areas that are scratched, chipped, or rusted. Repair any dents in the metal body.

## **Notes:**

## **Notes:**

#### The Toro Warranty



Two-Year or 1,500 Hours Limited Warranty

#### **Conditions and Products Covered**

The Toro Company warrants your Toro Commercial product ("Product") to be free from defects in materials or workmanship for 2 years or 1,500 operational hours\*, whichever occurs first. This warranty is applicable to all products with the exception of Aerators (refer to separate warranty statements for these products). Where a warrantable condition exists, we will repair the Product at no cost to you including diagnostics, labor, parts, and transportation. This warranty begins on the date the Product is delivered to the original retail purchaser. \* Product equipped with an hour meter.

#### **Instructions for Obtaining Warranty Service**

You are responsible for notifying the Commercial Products Distributor or Authorized Commercial Products Dealer from whom you purchased the Product as soon as you believe a warrantable condition exists. If you need help locating a Commercial Products Distributor or Authorized Dealer, or if you have questions regarding your warranty rights or responsibilities, you may contact us at:

Toro Commercial Products Service Department 8111 Lyndale Avenue South Bloomington, MN 55420-1196

952–888–8801 or 800–952–2740 E-mail: commercial.warranty@toro.com

#### **Owner Responsibilities**

As the product owner, you are responsible for required maintenance and adjustments stated in your *Operator's Manual*. Repairs for product issues caused by failure to perform required maintenance and adjustments are not covered under this warranty.

#### **Items and Conditions Not Covered**

Not all product failures or malfunctions that occur during the warranty period are defects in materials or workmanship. This warranty does not cover the following:

- Product failures which result from the use of non-Toro replacement parts, or from installation and use of add-on, or modified non-Toro branded accessories and products.
- Product failures which result from failure to perform recommended maintenance and/or adjustments.
- Product failures which result from operating the Product in an abusive, negligent, or reckless manner.
- Parts consumed through use that are not defective. Examples of parts
  which are consumed, or used up, during normal Product operation
  include, but are not limited to, brake pads and linings, clutch linings,
  blades, reels, rollers and bearings (sealed or greasable), bed knives,
  spark plugs, castor wheels and bearings, tires, filters, belts, and certain
  sprayer components such as diaphragms, nozzles, flow meters, and
  check valves.
- Failures caused by outside influence, including, but not limited to, weather, storage practices, contamination, use of unapproved fuels, coolants, lubricants, additives, fertilizers, water, or chemicals.
- Failure or performance issues due to the use of fuels (e.g. gasoline, diesel, or biodiesel) that do not conform to their respective industry standards.
- Normal noise, vibration, wear and tear, and deterioration. Normal "wear and tear" includes, but is not limited to, damage to seats due to wear or abrasion, worn painted surfaces, scratched decals or windows.

#### **Parts**

Parts scheduled for replacement as required maintenance are warranted for the period of time up to the scheduled replacement time for that part. Parts replaced under this warranty are covered for the duration of the original product warranty and become the property of Toro. Toro will make the final decision whether to repair any existing part or assembly or replace it. Toro may use remanufactured parts for warranty repairs.

#### Deep Cycle and Lithium-Ion Battery Warranty

Deep cycle and Lithium-Ion batteries have a specified total number of kilowatt-hours they can deliver during their lifetime. Operating, recharging, and maintenance techniques can extend or reduce total battery life. As the batteries in this product are consumed, the amount of useful work between charging intervals will slowly decrease until the battery is completely worn out. Replacement of worn out batteries, due to normal consumption, is the responsibility of the product owner. Note: (Lithium-Ion battery only): Refer to the battery warranty for additional information.

### Lifetime Crankshaft Warranty (ProStripe 02657 Model Only)

The Prostripe which is fitted with a genuine Toro Friction Disc and Crank-Safe Blade Brake Clutch (integrated Blade Brake Clutch (BBC) + Friction Disc assembly) as original equipment and used by the original purchaser in accordance with recommended operating and maintenance procedures, are covered by a Lifetime Warranty against engine crankshaft bending. Machines fitted with friction washers, Blade Brake Clutch (BBC) units and other such devices are not covered by the Lifetime Crankshaft Warranty.

#### Maintenance is at Owner's Expense

Engine tune-up, lubrication, cleaning and polishing, replacement of filters, coolant, and completing recommended maintenance are some of the normal services Toro products require that are at the owner's expense.

#### **General Conditions**

Repair by an Authorized Toro Distributor or Dealer is your sole remedy under this warranty.

The Toro Company is not liable for indirect, incidental or consequential damages in connection with the use of the Toro Products covered by this warranty, including any cost or expense of providing substitute equipment or service during reasonable periods of malfunction or non-use pending completion of repairs under this warranty. Except for the Emissions warranty referenced below, if applicable, there is no other express warranty. All implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for use are limited to the duration of this express warranty.

Some states do not allow exclusions of incidental or consequential damages, or limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above exclusions and limitations may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

#### **Note Regarding Emissions Warranty**

The Emissions Control System on your Product may be covered by a separate warranty meeting requirements established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and/or the California Air Resources Board (CARB). The hour limitations set forth above do not apply to the Emissions Control System Warranty. Refer to the Engine Emission Control Warranty Statement supplied with your product or contained in the engine manufacturer's documentation.

#### **Countries Other than the United States or Canada**

Customers who have purchased Toro products exported from the United States or Canada should contact their Toro Distributor (Dealer) to obtain guarantee policies for your country, province, or state. If for any reason you are dissatisfied with your Distributor's service or have difficulty obtaining guarantee information, contact your Authorized Toro Service Center.

#### **California Proposition 65 Warning Information**

#### What is this warning?

You may see a product for sale that has a warning label like the following:



**WARNING:** Cancer and Reproductive Harm—www.p65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### What is Prop 65?

Prop 65 applies to any company operating in California, selling products in California, or manufacturing products that may be sold in or brought into California. It mandates that the Governor of California maintain and publish a list of chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects, and/or other reproductive harm. The list, which is updated annually, includes hundreds of chemicals found in many everyday items. The purpose of Prop 65 is to inform the public about exposure to these chemicals.

Prop 65 does not ban the sale of products containing these chemicals but instead requires warnings on any product, product packaging, or literature with the product. Moreover, a Prop 65 warning does not mean that a product is in violation of any product safety standards or requirements. In fact, the California government has clarified that a Prop 65 warning "is not the same as a regulatory decision that a product is 'safe' or 'unsafe.'" Many of these chemicals have been used in everyday products for years without documented harm. For more information, go to https://oag.ca.gov/prop65/faqs-view-all.

A Prop 65 warning means that a company has either (1) evaluated the exposure and has concluded that it exceeds the "no significant risk level"; or (2) has chosen to provide a warning based on its understanding about the presence of a listed chemical without attempting to evaluate the exposure.

#### Does this law apply everywhere?

Prop 65 warnings are required under California law only. These warnings are seen throughout California in a wide range of settings, including but not limited to restaurants, grocery stores, hotels, schools, and hospitals, and on a wide variety of products. Additionally, some online and mail order retailers provide Prop 65 warnings on their websites or in catalogs.

#### How do the California warnings compare to federal limits?

Prop 65 standards are often more stringent than federal and international standards. There are various substances that require a Prop 65 warning at levels that are far lower than federal action limits. For example, the Prop 65 standard for warnings for lead is 0.5 μg/day, which is well below the federal and international standards.

#### Why don't all similar products carry the warning?

- Products sold in California require Prop 65 labelling while similar products sold elsewhere do not.
- A company involved in a Prop 65 lawsuit reaching a settlement may be required to use Prop 65 warnings for its products, but other companies
  making similar products may have no such requirement.
- The enforcement of Prop 65 is inconsistent.
- Companies may elect not to provide warnings because they conclude that they are not required to do so under Prop 65; a lack of warnings for a
  product does not mean that the product is free of listed chemicals at similar levels.

#### Why does Toro include this warning?

Toro has chosen to provide consumers with as much information as possible so that they can make informed decisions about the products they buy and use. Toro provides warnings in certain cases based on its knowledge of the presence of one or more listed chemicals without evaluating the level of exposure, as not all the listed chemicals provide exposure limit requirements. While the exposure from Toro products may be negligible or well within the "no significant risk" range, out of an abundance of caution, Toro has elected to provide the Prop 65 warnings. Moreover, if Toro does not provide these warnings, it could be sued by the State of California or by private parties seeking to enforce Prop 65 and subject to substantial penalties.